About the College

Vivekananda College of Arts and Sciences for Women established hailed (Autonomous) was and into Women's Educational Service in the Year 1995. Angammal Educational Trust Chaired by the great Educationalist 'Vidhya Rathna Prof.Dr. M. KARUNANITHI, B.Pharm. M.S., Ph.D., D.Litt. sponsors this college and other institutions under the name of the great Saint Vivekanandha. Our institutions are situated on either side of Tiruchengode Namakkal Main Road at Elayampalayam, 6 kms away from Tiruchengode. This is biggest women's college in India with more than 7500 girl students and more than 19 departments. The strength of the college was just 65 at the time of its establishment. With the dedication, work, sacrifice and long vision of the chairman, this institution has grown into a Himalaya stage. As a result of which UGC, New Delhi, awarded 2f and 12b, extended Autonomous status for second cycle. The National Assessment and Accreditation Council reaccredited with grade 'A+' for its successful performance.

As an Autonomous Institution, academic professionals of the college farm Curriculum and Syllabi in consultation with all its stakeholders to cater the needs the young women to fulfill the women empowerment and present Industrial needs the local benefits. The students are empowering with confidence and required to face the society.

Quality Policy

To provide professional training by establishing a high level center of learning that provides quality education at par with the international standards and Provide excellence education with wellequipped infrastructure to all the rural women.

Our Vision

To be an academic institution exclusively for women, in dynamic equilibrium with the social and economic environment, strive continuously for excellence in education, research and

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technological service to the nation.

Our Mission

The mission of our institution is to discover, teach and apply knowledge for the intellectual, cultural, ethical, social and economic growth of women students.

M.Sc. (Physics)

SCOPE OF THE COURSE

M.Sc. (Physics), the recent developments in Physical sciences, has been included in the enriched syllabus to meet out the present day needs of academic and research, institutions and industries. The program expects serious commitment of the student to take-up challenging students' schedules and assignments. The course involves a blend of theoretical education and practical training which run concurrently for a period of two years and equips a student with knowledge, ability, skills and other qualities required for a professional accountant.

The uniqueness of the program is its content and topic coverage, the teaching methodology and the faculty. The syllabus has been designed at a level equal to that of professional courses. The teaching methodologies include classroom lectures, industrial visits, orientation, internship, case study and research work. Focus is also on developing soft skills of the students. For Core subjects, Outsource Guest Lectures by Industrialists and Professional Men will be arranged to enable the students to get wider exposure.

SALIENT FEATURES

- ✓ Course is specially designed for a higher level Career Placement.
- ✓ Special Guest lecturers from Industrialists will be arranged.
- Exclusively caters to students interested in pursuing higher studies.
- ✓ Special Industry Orientations and Training are parts of the Degree Course.

✓ Project work is included in the syllabus to enhance conceptual, analytical & deductive skills.

OBJECTIVES OFTHE COURSE

- ✓ The new syllabus throws light on the recent and emerging areas of Physics
- Enable the students understand Physics and make them more relevant to the society.
- Develop the analytical ability in students so that they are become objective solving problems.
- \checkmark Help the students learn practical skills in a better way.
- ✓ Inculcate research aptitude in students.
- Enable the students to go to higher levels of learning Physics.
- ✓ Improve the employability of the students.
- To inspire the students to apply their knowledge gained for the development of society in general.

ELIGIBILITYFORADMISSION

Candidates seeking admission to the first year Degree course (M.Sc. Physics) shall be required to have passed an Under Graduate degree, i.e. B.Sc. (Physics or Applied Sciences) of the Periyar University or an examination of some other University accepted by the syndicate as equivalent there to shall b permitted to be eligible.

DURATION OFTHE COURSE

The course shall extend over a period of two academic years consisting of four semesters. Each academic year will be divided into two semesters. The First semester will consist of the period from July to November and the Second semester from December to March.

The subjects of the study shall be in accordance with the syllabus prescribed from time to time by the Board of Studies of Vivekanandha College of Arts and Sciences for Women with the approval of Periyar University.

Each subject will have five hours of lecture per week apart from

practical training at the end of each semester.

CONTINUOUSINTERNAL ASSESSMENT

The performance of the students will be assessed continuously and the Internal Assessment Marks will be asunder:

	Total	= 25Marks
Attendance		- 5Marks
Assignment		- 5Marks
Seminar		- 5Marks
Average of three Tests		-10 Marks

The distribution of attendance marks is given as follows,

76-80 %	- 1 Mark
81-85 %	- 2 Marks
86-90 %	- 3 Marks
91-95 %	- 4 Marks
96-100 %	- 5 Marks

QUESTION PAPERPATTERN:

Question Paper Pattern for the Examinations

Time:3Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Part-A Answer all the questions (Objective Type)

(10x1=10 Marks)

Part-B Answer all the following questions (Either or Type)

(7x5=35 Marks)

Part – C Answer any three questions (out of five)

(3 x 10 = 30 Marks)

PASSING MINIMUM

In the University Examinations, the passing minimum shall be 40 % out of 75 Marks for theory (38 marks) and 40% out of 60 marks for practical (24 Marks).

ELIGIBILITYFOR EXAMINATION

A candidate will be permitted to appear for the University Examination only on earning 75 % of attendance and only when her conduct has been satisfactory. Itshallbeopentograntexemptiontoacandidateforvalidreasonssubjectto conditions prescribed.

CLASSIFICATION OFSUCCESSFULCANDIDATES

Successful candidates passing the examination of Core Courses (main and allied subjects) and securing marks

- a. 75 % and above shall be declared to have passed the examination in first class with Distinction provided they pass all the examinations prescribed for the course at first appearance itself.
- b. 60% and above but below 75 % shall be declared to have passed the examinations in first class without Distinction.
- c. 50% and above but below 60% shall be declared to have passed the examinations in second-class.
- d. All the remaining successful candidates shall be declared to have passed the examinations in third-class.
- e. Candidates who pass all the examinations prescribed for the course at the first appearance itself and within a period of three consecutive academic years from the year of admission only will be eligible for University rank.

COMMENCEMENT OF THESE REGULATIONS

These regulations shall take effect from the academic year 2023 - 2024 (i.e for the students who are to be admitted to the first year of the course during the academic year 2023 - 2024 and thereafter.

SYLLABUS FRAME WORK 2023 – 2024 Onwards (Revision)

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SEMESTER- I								
Subject Code		Subject Title	Hrs	Credit	Exam	Int. Marks	Ent. Marks	Total Mark
23P1PHC01	Core – I	Mathematical Physics	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P1PHC02	Core – II	Classical Mechanics and Relativity	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P1PHC03	Core – III	Linear and Digital ICs and Applications	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P1PHDE01	Elective – I*	Materials Science	4	3	3	25	75	100
23P1PHCP01	Practical	Practical – I	6	3	4	40	60	100
23P1PHPC01	Professional Competency Course	Semiconductor devices	2	2	3	25	75	100
23P1PHAC01	Soft Skill – I Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	Laser Physics and its Applications	2	2	3	25	75	100
Total			30	22	22	190	510	700
		SEM	ESTER -	II				
Subject Code		Subject Title	Hrs	Credit	Exam	Int. Marks	Ent. Marks	Total Mark
23P2PHC04	Core - IV	Statistical Mechanics	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P2PHC05	Core - V	Quantum Mechanics –I	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P2PHDE02	Elective – II*	Physics of Nanoscience and technology	4	3	3	25	75	100
23P3PHDE03	Elective – III*	Medical Physics	4	3	3	25	75	100

23P2PHCP02	Practical	Practical - II	6	3	4	40	60	100
23P2PHS01	Skill Enhancement Course – I	Electronics in daily life	2	2	3	25	75	100
23P2PHAC02	Soft Skill – II Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	Solar Physics	2	2	3	25	75	100
Total			30	21	22	190	510	700
		SEMI	ESTER -	III		1	1	1
Subject Code		Subject Title	Hrs	Credit	Exam	Int. Marks	Ent. Marks	Total Mark
23P3PHC06	Core - VI	Quantum Mechanics –II	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P3PHC07	Core - VII	Spectroscopy	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P3PHC08	Core - VIII	Electromagnetic Theory	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P3PHDE04	Elective – IV*	Choose any one from the Elective list III	4	3	3	25	75	100
23P3PHCP03	Core Practical - III	Practical – III	6	4	4	40	60	100
23P3HR01	Common subject	Human Rights	1	1	3	25	75	100
23P3PHS02	Skill Enhancement Course – III	Scientific Research Process	2	2	3	25	75	100
23P3C3INT01		Internship / Industrial Activity	-	2	-	-	-	-
Total			30	23	22	190	510	700

	SEMESTER - IV							
Subject Code		Subject Title	Hrs	Credit	Exam	Int. Marks	Ent. Marks	Total Mark
23P4PHC09	Core – IX	Nuclear and Particle Physics	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P4PHC10	Core - X	Condensed Matter Physics	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P4PHC11	Core - XI	Computational techniques for Physics	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P4PHCP04	Core Practical - IV	Practical – IV	6	4	4	40	60	100
23P4PHPR01	Core - XII	Project with Viva-Voce	4	4	-	25	75	100
23P4PHAC03	Soft Skill – II Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	Robotics, AI in Physics	2	2	3	25	75	100
23P3CHED1	EDC	Applied polymer Chemistry	2	2	3	25	75	100
		Extension Activity	-	1	-	-	-	-
	Total		30	25	19	190	510	700
Total (I &	a II Years)		120	91	85	760	2040	2800

• Elective I, II, III & IV selected from semester the elective list

S.No	Code	Course Title		
1.	23P1PHC01	Mathematical Physics		
2.	23P1PHC02	Classical Mechanics and Relativity		
3.	23P1PHC03	Linear and Digital ICs and Applications		
4.	23P2PHC04	Statistical Mechanics		
5.	23P2PHC05	Quantum Mechanics –I		
6.	23P3PHC06	Quantum Mechanics –II		
7.	23P3PHC07	Spectroscopy		
8.	23P3PHC08	Electromagnetic Theory		
9.	23P4PHC09	Nuclear and Particle Physics		
10.	23P4PHC10	Condensed Matter Physics		
11.	23P4PHC11	Numerical Methods and Computer Programming		

LIST OF CORE PAPRES

LIST OF ELECTIVES SEMESTER 1

S.No	Code	Course Title
1	23P1PHDE01	Materials Science
2	23P1PHDE02	Crystal Growth and Thin films
3	23P1PHDE03	Analysis of Crystal Structures
4	23P1PHDE04	Energy Physics
5	23P1PHDE05	Non-linear Dynamics

LIST OF ELECTIVES SEMESTER II

S.No	Code	Course Title
1.	23P2PHDE01	Plasma Physics
2.	23P2PHDE02	Physics of Nano Science and Technology
3.	23P2PHDE03	Medical Physics
4.	23P2PHDE04	Quantum Field Theory
5.	23P2PHDE05	General Relativity and Cosmology

LIST OF ELECTIVES SEMESTER III

S.No	Code	Course Title
1.	23P3PHDE01	Advanced Mathematical Physics
2.	23P3PHDE02	Advanced Spectroscopy
3.	23P3PHDE03	Microprocessor 8085 and Microcontroller 8051
4.	23P3PHDE04	Scientific Research Process
5.	23P3PHDE05	Characterization of Materials

LIST OF ELECTIVES SEMESTER IV

1.	23P3PHDE01	Solid Waste Management (SWM)
2.	23P3PHDE02	Sewage and Waste Water Treatment and Reuse
3.	23P3PHDE03	Solar Energy Utilization
4.	23P4PHDE04	Bio Physics
5.	23P4PHDE05	Robotics, Artificial Intelligence in Physics

LIST OF PRACTICALS

S.No	Code	Course Title
1.	23P1PHCP01	Practical - I
2.	23P2PHCP02	Practical - II
3.	23P3PHCP03	Practical – III
4.	23P4PHCP04	Practical - IV

PROGRAM OUTCOMES

LEARNING OUTCOMES-BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR				
DEMINING	POSTGRADUATE EDUCATION			
Programme	M.Sc., Physics			
Programme	PPH			
Code				
Duration	PG – 2 years			
	PO1: Problem Solving Skill			
	Apply knowledge of Management theories and Human			
	Resource practices to solve business problems through			
	research in Global context.			
	PO2: Decision Making Skill			
	Foster analytical and critical thinking abilities for data-based			
	decision-making.			
Programme	PO3: Ethical Value			
Outcomes (Pos)	Ability to incorporate quality, ethical and legal value-based			
0 2000 100 (1 00)	perspectives to all organizational activities.			
	PO4: Communication Skill			
	Ability to develop communication, managerial and			
	interpersonal skills.			
	PO5: Individual and Team Leadership Skill			
Capability to lead themselves and the team to ac				
	organizational goals.			
	PO6: Employability Skill			
	Inculcate contemporary business practices to enhance			
	employability skills in the competitive environment.			

	PO7: Entrepreneurial Skill							
	Equip with skills and competencies to become an							
	entrepreneur.							
	PO8: Contribution to Society							
	Succeed in career endeavors and contribute significantly to							
	society.							
	PO 9 Multicultural competence							
	Possess knowledge of the values and beliefs of multiple							
	cultures and a global perspective.							
	PO 10: Moral and ethical awareness/reasoning							
	Ability to embrace moral/ethical values in conducting one's							
	life.							
	PSO1 – Placement							
	To prepare the students who will demonstrate respectful							
	engagement with others' ideas, behaviors, and beliefs and							
	apply diverse frames of reference to decisions and actions.							
	PSO 2 - Entrepreneur							
	To create effective entrepreneurs by enhancing their critical							
	thinking, problem solving, decision making and leadership							
Programme	skill that will facilitate startups and high potential							
Specific	organizations.							
Outcomes	PSO3 – Research and Development							
(PSOs)	Design and implement HR systems and practices grounded							
	in research that comply with employment laws, leading the							
	organization towards growth and development.							
	PSO4 – Contribution to Business World							
	To produce employable, ethical and innovative professionals							
	to sustain in the dynamic business world.							
	PSO 5 – Contribution to the Society							
	To contribute to the development of the society by							
	collaborating with stakeholders for mutual benefit.							

Semester-I	Credit	Semester-II	Credit	Semester-III	Credit	Semester-IV	Credit
Core – I	4	Core - IV	4	Core - VI	4	Core – IX	4
Core – II	4	Core - V	4	Core - VII	4	Core - X	4
Core – III	4	Elective - II	3	Core - VIII	4	Core - XI	4
Elective - I	3	Elective - III	3	Elective – IV	3	Core – XII	4
Practical I	3	Practical II	3	Core Practical - III	4	4 Core Practical - IV	
Professional Competency Course	2	Skill Enhancement Course – I	2	Common subject	1	Soft Skill – II Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2
Soft Skill – I Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2	Soft Skill – II Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	2	Skill Enhancement Course – III	2	EDC	2
				Internship /Industrial Activity (15 days)	1	Extension Activity	1
	22		21		23		25
Total Credit Points							91

Credit Distribution for PG Programme

S1. No.	Subject	No. of Papers	Credit Points	Total Credit Points
1.	Core- Papers	12	4	48
2.	Core Practical	2	3	06
4.	Core Fractical	2	4	08
3.	Elective	4	3	12
4.	Skill Enhancement Course – I	2	2	04
5.	Professional Competency Course	1	2	2
6.	Ability Enhancement Course- Soft Skill -	3	2	6
7.	Extra Disciplinary Course (EDC)	1	2	2
8.	Internship/ Industrial Activity	1	1	01
9.	Extension Activity	1	1	1
10.	Human Rights	1	1	1
	Total Credit Points	30	25	91

METHOD OF EVALUATION: THEORY COURSES

Continuous Internal		End Semester		Over all passing	
Assessment		Examination		Minimum	
Maximum	Passing	Maximum	3		Passing
marks	minimum	marks			minimum
25	12	75	38	100	50

Continuous Internal Assessment Breakup

S1. No.	CIA break up	Marks
1.	CIA –I/ CIA II/Model Exam	10
2.	Assignment	05
3.	Seminar	05
4.	Attendance	05

Total	25

PRACTICAL COURSES

Continuous Internal Assessment	End Semester Examination	Total
40	60	100

Practical courses breakup

S1. No.	practical courses	Marks
1.	Model Exam	20
2.	Record & Observation	10
3.	attendance	10
	Total	40

Submission of Record Notebooks For Practical Examinations

Candidates taking the Practical Examinations should submit bonafide Record Note Books prescribed for the Practical Examinations with due certification by Staff in-charge and HOD is a must for External Practical Examination (for both Regular and Arrear Candidates). Otherwise, the candidates will not be permitted to take the Practical Examinations. Allocation of Marks for University Practical Examinations:

Allocation of Marks for University Practical Examinations:

Record	10 Marks
Formula and Formula Description	10 Marks
Circuit Diagrams / Diagrams	08 Marks
Observation-Tabulation and Reading	gs 20 Marks
Calculations	15 Marks
Presentation	02 Marks
Result	05 Marks
Viva-Voce	05 Marks
TOTAL	75 Marks

PROJECT VIVA-VOCE

Internal assessment	External	Total
25	75	100

Project – Internal Marks Breakup

S1. No.	Project	Marks
1.	Project Work	15
2.	Continuous Review	10
	Total	25

PROJECT AND VIVA-VOCE EXAM

Students are required to submit a Project report at the end of Semester - IV and also required to make presentation of the project work during Vivavoce Examination. The Project work shall be based on research-oriented topics both in the fields of theoretical and experimental physics under the guidance of a faculty member of the Department as a Project Supervisor. In the course of the project, the student will refer books, Journals or collect literature/data by the way of visiting research institutes / industries. He/she may even do experimental /theoretical work in his/her college. After completion of the project work by the end of semester IV, each student should submit THREE copies of the project report with a minimum of 50 pages not exceeding 70 pages to the Department on or before the date notified for the same.

FORMAT FOR PREPARATION OF PROJECT REPORT

The sequence in which the project should be arranged and bound should be as follows

- 1. Cover Page and Title Page
- 2. Certificate
- 3. Declaration
- 4. Acknowledgement (not exceeding one page)
- 5. Contents (12 Font size, Times New Roman with 1.5 or double line spacing)
- 6. List of Figures / Exhibits / Charts
- 7. List of tables

8. Symbols and notations

9. Chapters

10. Result and Discussion

- 11. Conclusion
- 12. References

13. Xerox Copies of Publications/Certificates of Seminar, Conference Participation

The bifurcation of marks for project will be as follows:

- 1. Plan of the Project : 25 Marks
- 2. Evaluation of the Project Report : 75 Marks
- 3. Viva- Voce Examination : 25 Marks

DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS FOR EVAUATION OF PROJECT REPORT & VIVA-VOCE

(a) Execution of the Plan/Collection of Data/ : 40 Marks Organisation of Materials / Presentation of the report /Novelty of the project

(b)Presentation of project in state level/National : 10 Marks level Seminar / Publication

(c).Viva-Voce (Preparation, Presentation of work and Response to questions) : 25 Marks

EXAMINATION

For the purpose of uniformity, particularly for inter-departmental transfer of credits, there will be a uniform procedure credits, there will be a uniform procedure of examinations to be adopted by all teachers offering courses.

DISTRIBUTION OF MARKS:

(a)The following are the distribution of external and internal marks for Theory papers.

. i).External Exam. : 75 Marks Passing Minimum : 38 Marks ii). Internal Exam : 25 Marks Passing Minimum : 12 Marks

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN

The following question paper pattern shall be followed for the candidates admitted from the academic year 2023–2024 (revision) onwards.

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum: 75 Marks

$Part - A (10 \times 1 = 10 Marks)$

Answer ALL the Questions

Three Questions from each unit

10 multiple choice questions with four options

Part - B (5 x 7 = 35 Marks)

Answer Any TWO Questions out of FIVE One Question from each unit with either or Type. All Questions carry equal Marks.

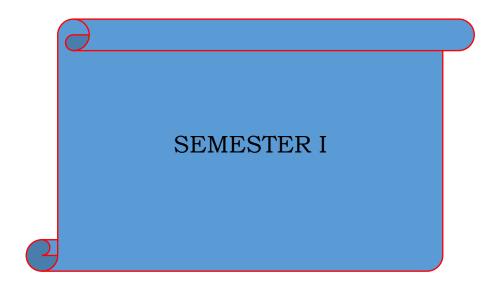
Part - C (3 x 10 = 30 Marks)

Answer ALL the Questions.

One Question from each unit.

All Questions carry equal Marks.

ONLINE COURSES SWAYAM, NPTEL, Websites etc.



	SEMESTER- I							
Subject Code		Subject Title	Hrs	Credit	Exam	Int. Marks	Ent. Marks	Total Mark
23P1PHC01	Core – I	Mathematical Physics	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P1PHC02	Core – II	Classical Mechanics and Relativity	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P1PHC03	Core – III	Linear and Digital ICs and Applications	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P1PHDE01	Elective – I*	Materials Science	4	3	3	25	75	100
23P1PHCP01	Practical	Practical – I	6	3	4	40	60	100
23P1PHPC01	Professional Competency Course	Semiconductor devices	2	2	3	25	75	100
23P1PHAC01	Soft Skill – I Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	Laser Physics and its Applications	2	2	3	25	75	100
Total			30	22	22	190	510	700

Paper-1 - MAT	I YEAR - FIRST SEMESTER							
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	P	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHC01	MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS	Core				4	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Matrices, vectors, differentiation, integration, differential equations Learning Objectives

- To equip students with the mathematical techniques needed for understanding theoretical treatment in different courses taught in their program
- To extend their manipulative skills to apply mathematical techniques in their fields
- > To help students apply Mathematics in solving problems of Physics

UNITS	Course
UNITS	Details
	Basic concepts – Definitions- examples of vector space –
UNIT I:	Linear independence - Scalar product- Orthogonality - Gram-
	Schmidt orthogonalization procedure -linear operators - Dual
LINEAR	space- ket and bra notation - orthogonal basis - change of
VECTOR SPACE	basis – Isomorphism of vector space – projection operator –
	Eigen values and Eigen functions – Direct sum and invariant
	subspace – orthogonal transformations and rotation
	Review of Complex Numbers -de Moivre's theorem-Functions
	of a Complex Variable- Differentiability -Analytic functions-
	Harmonic Functions- Complex Integration- Contour
UNIT II:	Integration, Cauchy – Riemann conditions – Singular points –
	Cauchy's Integral Theorem and integral Formula -Taylor's
COMPLEX	Series - Laurent's Expansion- Zeros and poles - Residue
ANALYSIS	theorem and its Application: Potential theory - (1) Electrostatic
	fields and complex potentials - Parallel plates, coaxial
	cylinders and an annular region (2) Heat problems - Parallel
	plates and coaxial cylinders
	Types of Matrices and their properties, Rank of a Matrix -
UNIT III:	Conjugate of a matrix - Adjoint of a matrix - Inverse of a
	matrix - Hermitian and Unitary Matrices -Trace of a matrix-
MATRICES	Transformation of matrices - Characteristic equation - Eigen

	values and Eigen vectors - Cayley-Hamilton theorem -
	Diagonalization
	Definitions -Fourier transform and its inverse - Transform of
	Gaussian function and Dirac delta function -Fourier
UNIT IV:	transform of derivatives - Cosine and sine transforms -
	Convolution theorem. Application: Diffusion equation: Flow of
FOURIER	heat in an infinite and in a semi - infinite medium - Wave
TRANSFORMS	equation: Vibration of an infinite string and of a semi - infinite
රූ	string.
LAPLACE	Laplace transform and its inverse - Transforms of derivatives
TRANSFORMS	and integrals – Differentiation and integration of transforms -
	Dirac delta functions - Application - Laplace equation:
	Potential problem in a semi - infinite strip
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	Second order differential equation- Sturm-Liouville's theory -					
	Series solution with simple examples - Hermite polynomials					
UNIT V:	- Generating function - Orthogonality properties -					
UNII V.	Recurrence relations - Legendre polynomials - Generating					
DIFFERENTIAL	function - Rodrigue formula – Orthogonality properties -					
EQUATIONS	Dirac delta function- One dimensional Green's function and					
LQUATIONS	Reciprocity theorem -Sturm-Liouville's type equation in one					
	dimension & their Green's function.					
UNIT VI:	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial					
PROFESSIONAL	Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable					
COMPONENTS	and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social					
	Accountability and Patriotism					
	1. George Arfken and Hans J Weber, 2012, Mathematical					
	Methods for Physicists – A Comprehensive Guide (7th					
	edition), Academic press.					
	2. P.K. Chattopadhyay, 2013, Mathematical Physics (2 nd					
	edition), New Age, New Delhi					
TEXT BOOKS	3. A W Joshi, 2017, Matrices and Tensors in Physics, 4th					
	Edition (Paperback), New Age International Pvt. Ltd.,					
	India					
	4. H. K. Dass and Dr. Rama Verma, 2014, Mathematical					
	Physics, Seventh Revised Edition, S. Chand &					
	Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.					
	1. E. Kreyszig, 1983, Advanced Engineering					
REFERENCE	Mathematics, Wiley Eastern, New Delhi,					
BOOKS	2. D. G. Zill and M. R. Cullen, 2006, Advanced					
	Engineering Mathematics, 3rd Ed. Narosa, New Delhi.					
	3. S. Lipschutz, 1987, Linear Algebra, Schaum's Series,					

	McGraw - Hill, New York 3. E. Butkov, 1968,				
	Mathematical Physics Addison, Wesley, Reading,				
	Massachusetts.				
	4. P. R. Halmos, 1965, Finite Dimensional Vector Spaces,				
	2nd Edition, Affiliated East West, New Delhi.				
	1. <u>www.khanacademy.org</u>				
	2. <u>https://youtu.be/LZnRlOA1_2I</u>				
	3. <u>http://hyperphysics.phy-</u>				
WEB SOURCES	<u>astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hmat.html#hmath</u>				
WED SOURCES	4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_2jymuM7OUU&l</u>				
	<u>ist=PLhkiT_RYTEU27vS_S1ED56gNjVJGO2qaZ</u>				
	5. <u>https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/106/115106</u>				
	<u>086/</u>				

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand use of bra-ket vector notation and explain the					
	meaning of complete orthonormal set of basis vectors, and	K1, K2				
	transformations and be able to apply them					
CO2	Able to understand analytic functions, do complex integration,					
	by applying Cauchy Integral Formula. Able to compute many	K2, K3				
	real integrals and infinite sums via complex integration.					
CO3	Analyze characteristics of matrices and its different types, and	K4				
	the process of diagonalization.	N-T				
CO4	Solve equations using Laplace transform and analyze the					
	Fourier transformations of different function, grasp how these	K4,				
	transformations can speed up analysis and correlate their	K5				
	importance in technology					
CO5	To find the solutions for physical problems using linear					
	differential equations and to solve boundary value problems	K2, K5				
	using Green's function. Apply special functions in	N 2, N 3				
	computation of solutions to real world problems					
K1 - R	K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate					

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) andLOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO1 0
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
CO5	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	3

CLASSICAL MECHANICS AND RELATIVITY I YEAR - FIRST SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHC02	CLASSICAL MECHANICS AND RELATIVITY	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites

Fundamentals of mechanics, Foundation in mathematical methods.

Learning Objectives

- > To understand fundamentals of classical mechanics.
- > To understand Lagrangian formulation of mechanics and apply it to solve equation of motion.
- > To understand Hamiltonian formulation of mechanics and apply it to solve equation of motion.
- > To discuss the theory of small oscillations of a system.
- > To learn the relativistic formulation of mechanics of a system.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: PRINCIPLES OF CLASSICAL MECHANICS	Mechanics of a single particle – mechanics of a system of particles – conservation laws for a system of particles – constraints – holonomic & non-holonomic constraints – generalized coordinates – configuration space – transformation equations – principle of virtual work.
UNIT II:	D'Alembert's principle - Lagrangian equations of motion for
LAGRANGIAN	conservative systems – applications: (i) simple pendulum (ii)
FORMULATION	Atwood's machine (iii) projectile motion.
UNIT III: HAMILTONIAN FORMULATION UNIT IV: SMALL	Phase space – cyclic coordinates – conjugate momentum – Hamiltonian function – Hamilton's canonical equations of motion – applications: (i) simple pendulum (ii) one dimensional simple harmonic oscillator (iii) motion of particle in a central force field. Formulation of the problem – transformation to normal coordinates – frequencies of normal modes – linear triatomic
OSCILLATIONS UNIT V: RELATIVITY	molecule. Inertial and non-inertial frames – Lorentz transformation equations – length contraction and time dilation – relativistic addition of velocities – Einstein's mass-energy relation –

	Minkowski's space – four vectors – position, velocity, momentum, acceleration and force in for vector notation and their transformations
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism

TEXT BOOKS	 H. Goldstein, 2002, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, 3rd Edition, Pearson Edu. J. C. Upadhyaya, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, Himalaya Publshing. Co. New Delhi. Panat P.V, Introduction to Classical Mechanics – CBS publishers and distributors Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 1905. N. C. Rana and P.S. Joag, Classical Mechanics - Tata McGraw Hill, 2001
REFERENCE BOOKS	 S. N. Biswas, , <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, Books & Allied, Kolkata. 1999 Gupta and Kumar, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, Kedar Nath. T.W.B. Kibble, <i>Classical Mechanics</i>, ELBS. <u>B.D. Gupta</u>, Satya Prakash, <i>Classical Dynamics</i>, KNRN Publications, Meerut.
WEB SOURCES	 http://poincare.matf.bg.ac.rs/~zarkom/Book_Mechanics Goldstein_Classical_Mechanics_optimized.pdf https://pdfcoffee.com/classical-mechanics-j-c-upadhyay- 2014-editionpdf-pdf-free.html https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122/106/122106027/ https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-09-classical- mechanics-iii-fall-2014/lecture-notes/ https://www.britannica.com/science/relativistic- mechanics

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the fundamentals of classical mechanics.	K2
CO2	Apply the principles of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics to solve the equations of motion of physical systems.	КЗ
CO3	Apply the principles of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian mechanics to solve the equations of motion of physical systems.	K3, K5

CO4	Analyze the small oscillations in systems and determine their	K4,								
	normal modes of oscillations.	K5								
CO5	Understand and apply the principles of relativistic kinematics	K2,								
	to the mechanical systems.	К3								
K1 - R	K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 –									
Evalua	Evaluate									

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO4	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2
CO5	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO1
										0
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2
C05	3	2	3	3	2	3	3	2	2	2

LINEAR AND DIGITAL ICs & APPLICATIONS

I YEAR - FIRST SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHC03	LINEAR AND DIGITAL ICs AND APPLICATIONS	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of semiconductor devices, basic concepts of digital and analog electronics

Learning Objectives

- > To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits.
- To teach the linear and non-linear applications of operational amplifiers.
- > To introduce the theory and applications of PLL.
- > To introduce the concepts of waveform generation and introduce one special function ICs.
- Exposure to digital IC's

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I:	
INTEGRATED	Introduction, Classification of IC's, basic information of Op-
CIRCUITS AND	Amp 741 and its features, the ideal Operational amplifier,
OPERATIONAL	Op-Amp internal circuit and Op-Amp. Characteristics.
AMPLIFIER	
UNIT II: APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP	LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Solution to simultaneous equations and differential equations, Instrumentation amplifiers, V to I and I to V converters. NON-LINEAR APPLICATIONS OF OP-AMP: Sample and Hold circuit, Log and Antilog amplifier, multiplier and divider, Comparators, Schmitt trigger, Multivibrators, Triangular and Square waveform generators.
UNIT III:	ACTIVE FILTERS: Introduction, Butterworth filters - 1st
ACTIVE	order, 2nd order low pass and high pass filters, band pass,
FILTERS &	band reject and all pass filters.
TIMER AND	TIMER AND PHASE LOCKED LOOPS: Introduction to IC
PHASE	555 timer, description of functional diagram, monostable

LOCKED	and astable operations and applications, Schmitt trigger,								
LOOPS	PLL - introduction, basic principle, phase								
	detector/comparator, voltage controlled oscillator (IC 566),								
	ow pass filter, monolithic PLL and applications of PLL								
	VOLTAGE REGULATOR : Introduction, Series Op-Amp								
UNIT IV:	regulator, IC Voltage Regulators, IC 723 general purpose								
VOLTAGE	regulators, Switching Regulator.								
REGULATOR &	D to A AND A to D CONVERTERS: Introduction, basic								
D to A AND A	DAC techniques -weighted resistor DAC, R-2R ladder DAC,								
to D	inverted R-2R DAC, A to D converters -parallel comparator								
CONVERTERS	type ADC, counter type ADC, successive approximation								
	ADC and dual slope ADC, DAC and ADC Specifications.								

UNIT V:	CMOS LOGIC: CMOS logic levels, MOS transistors, Basic							
CMOS LOGIC,	CMOS Inverter, NAND and NOR gates, CMOS AND-OR-							
COMBINATIO	INVERT and OR-AND-INVERT gates, implementation of any							
NAL	function using CMOS logic. COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS							
CIRCUITS	RCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs: Study of logic gates using 74XX ICs							
USING TTL	Four-bit parallel adder (IC 7483), Comparator (IC 7485),							
74XX ICs	Decoder (IC 74138, IC 74154), BCDto 7-segment decoder							
&	C7447), Encoder (IC74147), Multiplexer (IC74151),							
SEQUENTIAL	Demultiplexer (IC 74154).							
CIRCUITS	SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS USING TTL 74XX ICs: Flip Flops							
USING TTL	(IC 7474, IC 7473), Shift Registers, Universal Shift Register (IC							
74XX ICs	74194), 4- bit asynchronous binary counter (IC 7493).							
	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial							
UNIT VI:	Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable							
PROFESSIONAL	and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability							
COMPONENTS	and Patriotism							
	1. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, (2012), OP-AMP and Linear							
	Integrated Circuits, 4th edition, Prentice Hall / Pearson							
	Education, New Delhi.							
	2. B.L. Theraja and A.K. Theraja, 2004, A Textbook of							
	Electrical technology, S. Chand & Co.							
TEXT BOOKS	3. V.K. Mehta and Rohit Mehta, 2008, Principles of							
	Electronics, S. Chand & Co, 12th Edition.							
	4. V. Vijayendran, 2008, Introduction to Integrated							
	electronics (Digital & Analog), S. Viswanathan Printers							
	& Publishers Private Ltd, Reprint. V.							
DEEDENGE	1. Sergio Franco (1997), Design with operational amplifiers							
REFERENCE	and analog integrated circuits, McGraw Hill, New Delhi.							
BOOKS	2. Gray, Meyer (1995), Analysis and Design of Analog							
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<u>op-amp/</u>
<u>nics-logic-</u>

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

C01	Learn about the basic concepts for the circuit configuration for the design of linear integrated circuits and develops skill to solve problems	K1, K5					
CO2	Develop skills to design linear and non-linear applications circuits using Op-Amp and design the active filters circuits.	К3					
CO3	Gain knowledge about PLL, and develop the skills to design the simple circuits using IC 555 timer and can solve problems related to it.	K1, K3					
CO4	Learn about various techniques to develop A/D and D/A converters.	K2					
CO5	Acquire the knowledge about the CMOS logic, combinational	K1,					
K1 - Ren	and sequential circuitsK4K1 - Remember; K2 - Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate						

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) andLOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1

CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO1 0
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3	2
CO2	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1

Elective-I : MA	TERIALS SCIENCE	I YEAR- FII	RST	SE	ME	STEI	ર	
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	P	Credits	Inst.Hours	Marks
23P1PHDE01	MATERIAL SSCIENCE	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre	Pre-Requisites				
\triangleright	Basic knowledge on different types of materials				
Lea	rning Objectives				
\triangleright	To gain knowledge on optoelectronic materials				
\triangleright	To learn about ceramic processing and advanced ceramics				
\triangleright	To understand the processing and applications of polymeric materials				
\triangleright	To gain knowledge on the fabrication of composite materials				
	To learn about shape memory alloys, metallic glasses and nanomaterials				

UNITS	Course details
UNIT I: OPTO ELECTRONICMATE RIALS	Importance of optical materials properties: Bandgap and lattice matching – optical absorption and emission – charge injection, quasi-Fermi levels and recombination–optical absorption, loss and gain. Optical processes in quantum structures: Inter-band and intra-band transitions Organic semiconductors. Light propagation in materials–Electro- optic effect and modulation, electro-absorption modulation– exciton quenching.
UNIT II: CERAMICMATE RIALS	Ceramic processing: powder processing, milling and sintering structural ceramics :zirconia, almina, silicon carbide, tungsten carbide–electronic ceramics–refractories – glass and glass ceramics
UNIT III : POLYMERICMA TERIALS	Polymers and copolymers – molecular weight measurement – synthesis: chain growth polymerization–polymerization techniques–glass transition temperature and its measurement – visco elasticity – polymer processing techniques–applications: conducting polymers, bio polymers and high temperature polymers.

UNIT IV : COMPOSITE MATERIALS	Particle reinforced composites – fiber reinforced composites– mechanical behavior –fabrication methods of polymer matrix composites and metal matrix composites–carbon/carbon composites: fabrication and applications. Shape memory alloys: mechanisms of one-way and two-way
UNITV: NEWMATERIALS	shape memory effect, reverse transformation, thermo- elasticity and pseudo-elasticity, examples and applications - bulk metallic glass: criteria for glass formation and stability, examples and mechanical behavior-nanomaterials: classification, size effect on structural and functional properties, processing and properties of Nanocrystalline materials, single walled and multi-walled carbon nanotubes
UNIT VI:PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	 Jasprit Singh, Electronic and optoelectronic properties of semiconductor structures, Cambridge UniversityPress, 2007 P.K.Mallick. Fiber- Reinforced Composites. CRC Press, 2008. V.Raghavan, 2003, Materials Science and Engineering, 4thEdition, Prentice-HallIndia, New Delhi (For units 2,3, 4 and 5)
	 4. G.K.Narula, K.S.Narulaand V.K.Gupta, 1988, Materials Science, Tata McGraw-Hill 5. M. Arumugam, 2002, Materials Science, 3rd revised Edition, Anuratha Agencies
	 B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, B. Raj, B. B. Rath and J. Murday. Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology. Springer-Verlag, 2012.
REFERENCE BOOKS	 K. Yamauchi, I. Ohkata, K. Tsuchiya and S. Miyazaki (Eds). Shape Memory and Super Elastic Alloys: Technologies and Applications. Woodhead Publishing Limited, 2011.
	 Lawrence H. Van Vlack, 1998. Elements of Materials Science and Engineering, 6thEdition, Second ARE Ereprint, Addison-Wesley.

	 H. Iabch and H. Luth, 2002, Solid State Physics – An Introduction to Principles of Materials Science,2nd Edition, Springer.
	5. D. Hull & T.W. Clyne, An introduction to composite materials, Cambridge University Press,2008.
	1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_mm02/preview
	2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104229
WEB SOURCES	3. <u>https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/113/105/</u> <u>113105081</u>
	4. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113/105/113105025/</u>
	 https://eng.libretexts.org/Bookshelves/Materials_Scienc e/Supplemental_MModules_(Materials_Science)/Electr onic_Properties/Lattice_Vibrations

COURSEOUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO 1	Acquire knowledge on opto electronic materials	K1
CO2	Be able to prepare ceramic materials	К3
соз	Beabletounderstandtheprocessingandapplicationsofpolymericma terials	K2, K3
CO4	Beware of the fabrication of composite materials	K5
CO5	Be knowledge able of shape memory alloys, metallic glasses and Nano materials	K1

MAPPINGWITHPROGRAMOUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO)for each course with program outcomes (PO) and program specific outcomes (PSO) in the 3-pointscale of STRONG (3),MEDIUM(2) and LOW(1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2

CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Professional Co SEMICONDUCT	I YEAR- FIRSTSEMESTER							
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	Р	Credits	Inst.Hours	Marks
23P1PHPC01	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES	Professional Competency Course				2	2	75

Pre-I	Requisites
	Basic knowledge on Semiconductor devices and its applications
Lear	ning Objectives
$\boldsymbol{\lambda}$	To gain knowledge on various semiconductor diodes and their characteristics and applications.
	To learn about characteristics and applications of metal semiconductor devices.
\succ	To understand the various power control devices and its applications.
	To gain knowledge on the characteristics and applications of microwave device.

> To learn about characteristics of various photonic devices.

UNITS	Course details
UNIT I: SEMICONDUCTOR DIODE	Semiconductors – characteristics and applications of PN Junction diode– Zener diode– Gunn diode–Varactor diode–Schottky diode –LED
UNITII METAL- SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES	JFET - Structure and Characteristics - MOSFET - Depletion and Enhancement type MOSFET
UNIT III POWER CONTROL DEVICES	Construction, V-I characteristics and applications of UJT, SCR, DIAC, TRIAC
UNIT IV MICROWAVE	Tunnel diode – I-V characteristics of Tunnel diode – IMPATT diode – MISS diode

DEVICES	
UNITV: PHOTONIC DEVICES	Photoconductor, Photodiode, quantum efficiency, PIN photodiode, hetero junction photodiode, avalanche photodiode - Photo transistors.
UNIT VI:PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	ExpertLectures,OnlineSeminarsWebinarsIndustrialInteractions/Visits,CompetitiveExaminations,EmployableandCommunicationSkillEnhancement,SocialAccountabilityandPatriotism
TEXT BOOKS	 Principles of Electronics, V.K.Mehta, S. Chand and Company, New Delhi(2015). A text book of Applied Electronics, R.S.Sedha,S.Chand&Company,NewDelhi(2017). Modern Digital Electronics, R.P.Jain, Tata McGraw-Hill Edn., Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi(2010). Solid State Electronic Devices, B.G. Streetman, S. Banerjee, Prentice Hall(2009). Physics of Semiconductor Devices, S.M.Sze, Kwok K.Ng, John Wiley & Sons, New Delhi (2011).
REFERENCE BOOKS	 SemiconductorPhysicsandDevices:BasicPrinciples,D. A.Neamen,McGraw-Hill (2003). Physicsof SemiconductorDevices,DilipK.Roy,UniversityPres s(India)PrivateLimited,Hyderabad(2004). Principles of Electronics, Partha Kumar and Ganguly, PHI Learning (P)Ltd., New Delhi (2015). Physics of Photonic Devices, Shun Lien Chuang, JohnWiley&Sons,2ndEdition(2009).
WEBSOURCES	 https://open.umn.edu/opentextbooks/textbooks/57 3 https://www.khanacademy.org/science/electrical- engineering/ee-semiconductor-devices https://www.cambridge.org/core/books/abs/comp utational-electromagnetics-for-rf-and-microwave- engineering/web- resources/5DFE109913C5411D2E60C828A4F96F 77 https://technav.ieee.org/topic/microwave-devices https://technav.ieee.org/topic/microwave-devices

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Acquire knowledge on semiconductor diodes and applications	K1					
CO2	Be able to understand the working of various metal semiconductor	кз					
02	devices						
CO3	Be able to understand the characteristics of various power control	2 2 2					
03	devices						
CO4	Beware of the microwave devices and its applications	K5					
CO5	Be knowledgeable various photonic devices	K1					
	member;K2–Understand;K3-Apply;K4 -Analyze;K5-Evaluate;	RI					

MAPPINGWITHPROGRAMOUTCOMES:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO 5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO4	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Soft Skill - I : Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course - LASER PHYSICS AND I YEAR- FIRSTSEMESTER APPLICATIONS

SubjectCo de	Subject Name	Category	L	т	P	Credits	Inst.Hours	Marks
23P1PHAC01	LASER PHYSICS AND APPLICATIONS	Soft Skill - I				2	2	75

Pre-	Pre-Requisites						
\triangleright	Basic knowledge on laser and its applications						
Lear	rning Objectives						
\triangleright	To gain knowledge on principle of laser.						
\triangleright	To learn about characteristics of laser.						
\triangleright	To understand the components of laser.						
\triangleright	To gain knowledge on the different types of laser.						
\succ	To learn about the applications of laser.						

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: PRINCIPLE OF LASER	Interaction of Light with matter– absorption– transmission-Stimulated Absorption-spontaneous and stimulated emission-Einstein Coefficient–their relations – population inversion.
UNITII	Mono chromaticity– Coherence– Directionality-
CHARACTERISTI	Brightness-Short Time Duration–Light Amplification-laser
CS OF LASER	pumping–two level laser– three level laser– four level laser.
UNIT III COMPONENTS OF LASERS	Components of Laser-resonators-vibrational modes of resonators-open resonators-control resonators-Q-factor- losses in the resonance cavity-Modes of Laser beam- transverse modes.
UNIT IV	Five types of lasers- Gas laser– CO ₂ – Solid state laser–
TYPES OF	Helium Neon laser –Fiber laser–Liquid laser–Dye laser–
LASERS	Semiconductor laser–diode laser.
UNITV:	Application of lasers in industry – medicine – Science
APPLICATIONS	- Research – instrumentation

UNIT	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars -							
VI:PROFESSIONAL	Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits,							
COMPONENTS	Competitive Examinations, Employable and							
	Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability							
	and Patriotism							
	1. M.N. Aravamudhan, An introduction to Laser theory							
	and application, S. Chand & Co. Pvt. Ltd, 2012.							
	2. Nityan and Chowdry and Richa Verma, Laser							
	systems and applications, PHI, 2011.							
	3. R. Murugeshan and Kiruthiga sivaprasath,							
TEXTBOOKS	Optics and Spectroscopy, S.Chand& Co, 2010.							
	4. Subrahmanyam and Brijlal, A textbook of							
	Optics, S.Chand& Co., 2001,							
	5. R. Murugeshan and Kiruthiga sivaprasath,							
	Modern Physics, S.Chand & Co, 2014.							
	1. Lasers, Fundamentals and							
	Applications, K. Thyagarajan, AjoyGhatak, Springer, 2011.							
	2. Lasers and Nonlinear Optics-B.B.Laud,Cambridge							
	UniversityPress,SecondEdition,2004.							
	3. Laser Physics, Peter W. Milonni, JosephH. Eberly, John							
REFERENCEBOO	Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2010.							
KS	4. An Advances in Optics, Photonics and Optoelectronics,							
	PremB Bishit, IOP Publishing Ltd,2022.							
	5. An introduction to Laser Spectroscopy, DavidL.							
	Andrews and Andrey, A.Demidov,							
	Springer(India)PrivateLimited,NewDelhi,1995							
	1. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/res-6-005							
	understanding-lasers-and-fiberoptics-spring-							
	2008/resources/laser-fundamentalsi/							
	2. https://ehs.msu.edu/_assets/docs/laser/laser-							
	fundamentals-pt1-springer-2005.pdf							
WEBSOURCES	3. https://technav.ieee.org/topic/laser-applications							
	4.https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/book/10.1002/							
	9780470409718							
	5.https://www.olympuslifescience.com/en/icroscope-							
	resource/primer/lightandcolor/lasersintro/							

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

Acquire knowledge on working principle of laser.	K1
Be able to understand the characteristics of laser.	K2
Be able to understand the various components of laser	K3
Beware of the working process of different types lasers	K2, K4
Be knowledge able of applications of laser.	K4
-	Be able to understand the characteristics of laser.Be able to understand the various components of laserBeware of the working process of different types lasers

K1-Remember;K2–Understand;K3-Apply;K4 -Analyze;K5-Evaluate;

MAPPINGWITHPROGRAMOUTCOMES:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO4	2	3	2	3	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO5	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Paper 4 - PRACTICAL I

I YEAR - FIRST SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P1PHCP01	PRACTICAL I	Core				3	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge and hands on experience of basic general and electronics experiments of Physics

Learning Objectives

- To understand the concept of mechanical behavior of materials and calculation of same using appropriate equations.
- To calculate the thermodynamic quantities and physical properties of materials.
- > To analyze the optical and electrical properties of materials.

Course Details

(Any Twelve Experiments)

- 1. Determination of Young's modulus and Poisson's ratio by Hyperbolic fringes -Cornu's Method
- 2. Determination of Viscosity of the given liquid Meyer's disc
- 3. Measurement of Coefficient of linear expansion- Air wedge Method
- 4. B-H loop using Anchor ring.
- 5. Determination of Thickness of the enamel coating on a wire by diffraction
- 6. Determination of Rydberg's Constant Hydrogen Spectrum
- 7. FP Etalon
- 8. Determination of Thickness of air film. Solar spectrum Hartmann's formula. Edser and Butler fringes.
- 9. Measurement of Band gap energy- Thermistor
- 10. Determination of Planck Constant LED Method
- 11. Determination of Specific charge of an electron Thomson's method.
- 12. Determination of Compressibility of a liquid using Ultrasonics
- 13. Determination of Wavelength, Separation of wavelengths Michelson Interferometer
- 14. GM counter Characteristics, inverse square law and absorption coefficient.

- 15. Measurement of Conductivity Four probe method.
- 16. Arc spectrum Iron.
- 17. Molecular spectra AlO band.
- 18. Measurement of wavelength of Diode Laser / He Ne Laser using Diffraction grating.
- 19. Determination of Diffraction pattern of light with circular aperture using Diode/He-Ne laser.
- 20. Study the beam divergence, spot size and intensity profile of Diode/He-Ne laser.
- 21. Measurements of Standing wave and standing wave co-efficient, Law of Inverse square, Receiver end transmitter behavior, Radiation Pattern -Microwave test bench
- 22. UV-Visible spectroscopy Verification of Beer-Lambert's law and identification of wavelength maxima Extinction coefficient
- 23. Construction of relaxation oscillator using UJT
- 24. FET CS amplifier- Frequency response, input impedance, output impedance
- 25. Study of important electrical characteristics of IC741.
- 26. V- I Characteristics of different colors of LED.
- 27. Study of attenuation characteristics of Wien's bridge network and design of Wien's bridge oscillator using Op-Amp.
- 28. Study of attenuation characteristics of Phase shift network and design of Phase shift oscillator using Op-Amp.
- 29. Construction of Schmidt triggers circuit using IC 741 for a given hysteresisapplication as squarer.
- 30. Construction of square wave Triangular wave generator using IC 741
- 31. Construction of a quadrature wave using IC 324
- 32. Construction of pulse generator using the IC 741 application as frequency divider
- 33. Construction of Op-Amp- 4 bit Digital to Analog converter (Binary Weighted and R/2R ladder type)
- 34. Study of Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary code conversion.
- 35. Study of R-S, clocked R-S and D-Flip flop using NAND gates
- 36. Study of J-K, D and T flip flops using IC 7476/7473
- 37. Arithmetic operations using IC 7483- 4-bit binary addition and subtraction.
- 38. Study of Arithmetic logic unit using IC 74181.
- 39. Construction of Encoder and Decoder circuits using ICs.

	1. Practical Physics, Gupta and Kumar, PragatiPrakasan.
TEXT BOOKS	2. Kit Developed for doing experiments in Physics-

[
	Instruction manual,
	R. Srinivasan K.R Priolkar, Indian Academy of Sciences.
	3. Electronic Laboratory Primer a design approach, S.
	Poornachandra,
	B. Sasikala, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi.
	4. Electronic lab manual Vol I, K ANavas, Rajath
	Publishing.
	5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, K ANavas, PHI eastern
	Economy Edition
	1. Advanced Practical Physics, S.P Singh, PragatiPrakasan.
	2. An advanced course in Practical Physics, D.
	Chattopadhayay, C.R Rakshit, New Central Book Agency
	Pvt. Ltd
REFERENCE	3. Op-Amp and linear integrated circuit, Ramakanth A
BOOKS	Gaykwad, Eastern Economy Edition.
	4. A course on experiment with He-Ne Laser, R.S. Sirohi,
	John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd.
	5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, Kuriachan T.D, Syam
	Mohan, Ayodhya Publishing.
L	1

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

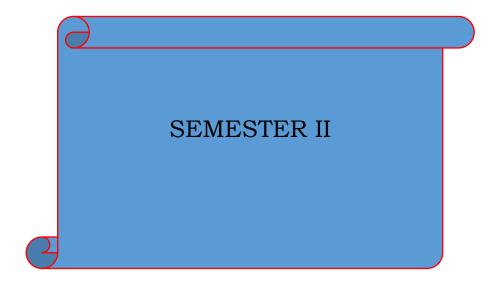
CO1	Understand the strength of material using Young's modulus.	K2
CO2	Acquire knowledge of thermal behavior of the materials.	K1
CO3	Understand theoretical principles of magnetism through the experiments.	К2
CO4	Acquire knowledge about arc spectrum and applications of laser	K1, K3
CO5	Improve the analytical and observation ability in Physics Experiments	K3, K5
CO6	Conduct experiments on applications of FET and UJT	K4
CO7	Analyze various parameters related to operational amplifiers.	K4
C O 8	Understand the concepts involved in arithmatic and logical circuits using IC's	К2
209	Acquire knowledge about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits	К1
<u></u>	Analyze the applications of counters and registers	K4

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
C07	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1

and program specific outcomes (**PSO**) in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
C06	2	2	2	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
C07	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1



	SEMESTER - II								
Subject Code		Subject Title	Hrs	Credit	Exam	Int. Marks	Ent. Marks	Total Mark	
23P2PHC04	Core - IV	Statistical Mechanics	6	4	3	25	75	100	
23P2PHC05	Core - V	Quantum Mechanics – I	6	4	3	25	75	100	
23P2PHDE02	Elective – II*	Physics of Nanoscience and technology	4	3	3	25	75	100	
23P3PHDE03	Elective – III*	Medical Physics	4	3	3	25	75	100	
23P2PHCP02	Practical	Practical - II	6	3	4	40	60	100	
23P2PHS01	Skill Enhancement Course – I	Electronics in daily life	2	2	3	25	75	100	
23P2PHAC02	Soft Skill – II Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	Solar Physics	2	2	3	25	75	100	
Total			30	21	22	190	510	700	

Paper 5 - STATISTICAL MECHANICS			I YEAR - SECOND SEMESTER						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks	
23P2PHC04	STATISTICAL MECHANICS	Core				4	6	75	

i ie-itequisites
Laws of thermodynamics, phase transition, entropy, ensembles, partition
function, classical and quantum statistics, thermal equilibrium, Brownian
motion

Learning Objectives

Pre-Requisites

- To acquire the knowledge of thermodynamic potentials and to understand phase transition in thermodynamics
- > To identify the relationship between statistic and thermodynamic quantities
- To comprehend the concept of partition function, canonical and grand canonical ensembles
- To grasp the fundamental knowledge about the three types of statistics
- To get in depth knowledge about phase transitions and fluctuation of thermodynamic properties that vary with time

UNITS	Course Details				
	Thermodynamic potentials - Phase Equilibrium - Gibb's				
UNIT I:	phase rule - Phase transitions and Ehrenfest's				
PHASE	classifications – Third law of Thermodynamics. Order				
TRANSITIONS	parameters – Landau's theory of phase transition - Critical				
	indices - Scale transformations and dimensional analysis.				
UNIT II:	Foundations of statistical mechanics - Specification of				
STATISTICAL	states of a system - Micro canonical ensemble - Phase				
MECHANICS AND	space – Entropy - Connection between statistics and				
MECHANICS AND	thermodynamics – Entropy of an ideal gas using the micro				
THERMODYNAMICS	canonical ensemble - Entropy of mixing and Gibb's				

	paradox.
UNIT III: CANONICAL AND GRAND CANONICAL ENSEMBLES	Trajectories and density of states - Liouville's theorem - Canonical and grand canonical ensembles - Partition function - Calculation of statistical quantities - Energy and density fluctuations.
UNIT IV: CLASSICAL AND QUANTUM STATISTICS	Density matrix - Statistics of ensembles - Statistics of indistinguishable particles - Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics - Fermi-Dirac statistics – Ideal Fermi gas – Degeneracy - Bose-Einstein statistics - Plank radiation formula - Ideal Bose gas - Bose-Einstein condensation.
UNIT V: REAL GAS, ISING MODEL AND FLUCTUATIONS	Cluster expansion for a classical gas - Virial equation of state - Calculation of the first Virial coefficient in the cluster expansion - Ising model - Mean-field theories of the Ising model in three, two and one dimensions - Exact solutions in one dimension. Correlation of space-time dependent fluctuations - Fluctuations and transport phenomena - Brownian motion - Langevin's theory - Fluctuation-dissipation theorem - The Fokker-Planck equation
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	 S. K. Sinha, 1990, Statistical Mechanics, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi. B. K. Agarwal and M. Eisner, 1998, Statistical Mechanics, Second Edition New Age International, New Delhi. J. K. Bhattacharjee, 1996, Statistical Mechanics: An Introductory Text, Allied Publication, New Delhi. F. Reif, 1965, Fundamentals of Statistical and Thermal Physics, McGraw -Hill, New York. M. K. Zemansky, 1968, Heat and Thermodynamics, 5th edition, McGraw-Hill New York.
REFERENCE BOOKS	 R. K. Pathria, 1996, Statistical Mechanics, 2nd edition, Butter WorthHeinemann, New Delhi. L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, 1969, Statistical Physics,

	Pergamon Press, Oxford.
	3. K. Huang, 2002, Statistical Mechanics, Taylor and
	Francis, London
	4. W. Greiner, L. Neise and H. Stoecker, <i>Thermodynamics</i> and <i>Statistical Mechanics</i> , Springer Verlang, New York.
	5. A. B. Gupta, H. Roy, 2002, <i>Thermal Physics</i> , Books and
	Allied, Kolkata.
	1. <u>https://byjus.com/chemistry/third-law-of-</u>
	<u>thermodynamics/</u>
	2. <u>https://web.stanford.edu/~peastman/statmech/ther</u>
	modynamics.html
WEB SOURCES	3. <u>https://en.wikiversity.org/wiki/Statistical_mechanics</u>
	<u>_and_thermodynamics</u>
	4. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Grand_canonical_ense
	mble
	5. <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ising_model</u>

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	To examine and elaborate the effect of changes in thermodynamic quantities on the states of matter during phase transition	К5
CO2	To analyze the macroscopic properties such as pressure, volume, temperature, specific heat, elastic moduli etc. using microscopic properties like intermolecular forces, chemical bonding, atomicity etc. Describe the peculiar behavior of the entropy by mixing two gases Justify the connection between statistics and thermodynamic quantities	K4
CO3	Differentiate between canonical and grand canonical ensembles and to interpret the relation between thermodynamically quantities and partition function	К1
CO4	To recall and apply the different statistical concepts to analyze the behavior of ideal Fermi gas and ideal Bose gas and also to compare and distinguish between the three types of statistics.	К4, К5
CO5	To discuss and examine the thermodynamically behavior of gases	K3

under fluctuation	and	also	using	Ising model	
			0		

K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
C05	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	2	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	1	1	3

QUANTUM MI	I YEAR	I YEAR - SECOND SEMESTER						
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHC05	QUANTUM MECHANICS – I	Core				4	6	75

re-Requisites
Newton's laws of motion, Schrodinger's equation, integration, differentiation.
Learning Objectives
To develop the physical principles and the mathematical background important to quantum mechanical descriptions.
To describe the propagation of a particle in a simple, one-dimensional potential.
To formulate and solve the Schrodinger's equation to obtain eigenvectors and energies for particle in a three-dimensional potential.

- To explain the mathematical formalism and the significance of constants of motion, and see their relation to fundamental symmetries in nature
- > To discuss the Approximation methods like perturbation theory, Variational and WKB methods for solving the Schrödinger equation.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: BASIC FORMALISM	Interpretation of the wave function – Time dependent Schrodinger equation –Time independent Schrodinger equation – Stationary states – Ehrenfest's theorem – Linear vector space – Linear operator – Eigen functions and Eigen Values – Hermitian Operator – Postulates of Quantum Mechanics – Simultaneous measurability of observables – General Uncertainty relation
UNIT II: ONE DIMENSIONAL AND THREE- DIMENSIONAL ENERGY EIGEN VALUE	Square – well potential with rigid walls – Square well potential with finite walls – Square potential barrier – Alpha emission – Bloch waves in a periodic potential – Kronig-penny square – well periodic potential – Linear harmonic oscillator: Operator method – Particle moving in a spherically symmetric potential – System of two

PROBLEMS	interacting particles – Hydrogen atom – Rigid rotator								
	Dirac notation – Equations of motions – Schrodinger representation								
UNIT III: GENERAL FORMALISM	 Heisenberg representation – Interaction representation – Coordinate representation – Momentum representation – Symmetries and conservation laws – Unitary transformation – Parity and time reversal 								
UNIT IV: APPROXIMATION METHODS	Time independent perturbation theory for non-degenerate energy levels – Degenerate energy levels – Stark effect in Hydrogen atom – Ground and excited state – Variation method – Helium atom – WKB approximation – Connection formulae (no derivation) – WKB quantization – Application to simple harmonic oscillator.								
UNIT V: ANGULAR MOMENTUM	Eigenvalue spectrum of general angular momentum – Ladder operators and their algebra – Matrix representation – Spin angular momentum – Addition of angular momenta – CG Coefficients – Symmetry and anti – symmetry of wave functions – Construction of wave-functions and Pauli's exclusion principle.								
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism								
TEXT BOOKS	 P. M. Mathews and K. Venkatesan, A Text book of Quantum Mechanics, 2ndedition(37th Reprint), Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010. G. Aruldhas, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009. David J Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics. 4th edition, Pearson, 2011. SL Gupta and ID Gupta, Advanced Quantum Theory and Fields, 1st Edition, S.Chand& Co., New Delhi, 1982. A. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, Quantum Mechanics: Theory and Applications, 4thEdition, Macmillan, India, 1984. 								
REFERENCE BOOKS	 E. Merzbacher, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1970. V. K. Thankappan, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition, Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi, 1985. L. D. Landau and E. M. Lifshitz, Quantum Mechanics, 1st edition, Pergomon Press, Oxford, 1976. S. N. Biswas, Quantum Mechanics, Books and Allied Ltd., Kolkata, 1999. V. Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition, Alpha 								

	S	cience International Ltd, Oxford, 2011.
		http://research.chem.psu.edu/lxjgroup/download_files/chem 65-c7.pdf
	2. h	http://www.feynmanlectures.caltech.edu/III_20.html
WEB SOURCES	3. <u>h</u>	.ttp://web.mit.edu/8.05/handouts/jaffe1.pdf
WEB SOURCES	4. h	https://hepwww.pp.rl.ac.uk/users/haywood/Group_Theory_L
	e	ctures/Lecture_ 1.pdf
	5. <u>h</u>	https://theory.physics.manchester.ac.uk/~xian/qm/chapter3.
	p	<u>df</u>

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

C01	Demonstrates a clear understanding of the basic postulates of quantum mechanics which serve to formalize the rules of quantumMechanics	K1, K5
CO2	Is able to apply and analyze the Schrodinger equation to solve one dimensional problems and three dimensional problems	K3, K4
CO3	Can discuss the various representations, space time symmetries and formulations of time evolution	K1
CO4	Can formulate and analyze the approximation methods for various quantum mechanical problems	K4, K5
CO5	To apply non-commutative algebra for topics such as angular and spin angular momentum and hence explain spectral line splitting.	K3, K4
K1 - F Evalua	Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – ate	1

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	S	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3

CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3
C05	3	3	3	2	3	S	3	3	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	3	3	S	3	2	2	3
CO3	2	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	3	2	3	S	3	3	2	3

Elective - II: PHYSICS OF NANOSCIENCE AND	I YEAR – SECOND SEMESTER
TECHNOLOGY	I IEAR - SECOND SEMIESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHDE02	PHYSICS OF NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	Elective				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Nanoscience fundamentals, Nanomaterials properties, Characterization and applications of materials

Learning Objectives

- Physics of Nanoscience and Technology is concerned with the study, creation, manipulation and applications at nanometer scale.
- > To provide the basic knowledge about Nanoscience and technology.
- > To learn the structures and properties of Nanomaterials.
- > To acquire the knowledge about synthesis methods and characterization techniques and its applications.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: FUNDAMENTALS OF NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	Fundamentals of NANO – Historical Perspective on Nanomaterial and Nanotechnology – Classification of Nanomaterials – Metal and Semiconductor Nanomaterials - 2D, 1D, 0D nanostructured materials - Quantum dots – Quantum wires – Quantum wells - Surface effects of nanomaterials.
UNIT II: PROPERTIES OF NANOMATERIALS	Physical properties of Nanomaterials: Melting points, specific heat capacity, and lattice constant - Mechanical behavior: Elastic properties – strength - ductility - superplastic behavior - Optical properties: - Surface Plasmon Resonance – Quantum size effects - Electrical properties - Conductivity, Ferroelectrics and dielectrics - Magnetic properties – super para magnetism –

	Diluted magnetic semiconductor (DMS).
UNIT III: SYNTHESIS AND FABRICATION	Physical vapour deposition - Chemical vapour deposition - sol- gel – Wet deposition techniques - electrochemical deposition method – Plasma arching - Electrospinning method - ball milling technique - pulsed laser deposition - Nanolithography: photolithography – Nanomanipulator.
UNIT IV: CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES	Powder X-ray diffraction – X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) - UV-visible spectroscopy – Photoluminescence - Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) - Transmission electron microscopy (TEM) - Scanning probe microscopy (SPM) - Scanning tunneling microscopy (STM) – Vibrating sample Magnetometer.

UNIT V: APPLICATIONS OF NANOMATERIALS	Sensors: Nanosensors based on optical and physical properties - Electrochemical sensors – Nano-biosensors. Nano Electronics: Nanobots - display screens - GMR read/write heads - Carbon Nanotube Emitters – Photocatalytic application: Air purification, water purification -Medicine: Imaging of cancer cells – biological tags - drug delivery - photodynamic therapy - Energy: fuel cells - rechargeable batteries - supercapacitors - photovoltaics.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	 A textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Pradeep T., Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. (2012). Principles of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, M.A. Shah, Tokeer Ahmad, Narosa Publishing House Pvt Ltd., (2010). Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, K. K. Chattopadhyay and A.N. Banerjee, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, (2012). Nanostructured Materials and Nanotechnology, Hari Singh Nalwa, Academic Press, (2002). Nanotechnology and Nanoelectronics, D.P. Kothari, V. Velmurugan and Rajit Ram Singh, Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi. (2018)

REFERENCE BOOKS	 Nanostructures and Nanomaterials – Huozhong Gao – Imperial College Press (2004). Richard Booker and Earl Boysen, (2005) Nanotechnology, Wiley Publishing Inc. USA Nano particles and Nano structured films; Preparation, Characterization and Applications, J. H. Fendler John Wiley and Sons. (2007) Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, B. S. Murty, et al., Universities Press. (2012) The Nanoscope (Encyclopedia of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology), Dr. Parag Diwan and Ashish Bharadwaj (2005) Vol. IV - Nanoelectronics
WEB SOURCES	Pentagon Press, New Delhi. 1. www.its.caltec.edu/feyman/plenty.html 2. http://www.library.ualberta.ca/subject/nanoscience/guide/index.cfm 3. http://www.understandingnano.com 4. http://www.nano.gov 5. http://www.nanotechnology.com

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the basic of Nanoscience and explore the different types of Nanomaterials and should comprehend the surface effects of the Nanomaterials.	K1, K2
CO2	Explore various physical, mechanical, optical, electrical and magnetic properties Nanomaterials.	К1
CO3	Understand the process and mechanism of synthesis and fabrication of Nanomaterials.	K2, K3
CO4	Analyze the various characterization of Nano-products through diffraction, spectroscopic, microscopic and other techniques.	K4
C05	Apply the concepts of Nanoscience and technology in the field of sensors, robotics, purification of air and water and in the energy devices.	КЗ

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
C05	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO1
										0
CO1	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	1	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	3

Elective – III: MEDICAL PHYSICS

I YEAR – SECOND SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHDE03	MEDICAL PHYSICS	Elective				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites

Fundamentals of physiological concepts, Basics of instruments principle,

Learning Objectives

- > To understand the major applications of Physics to Medicine
- > To study the aid of different medical devices such as X-ray machines, gamma camera, accelerator and nuclear magnetic resonance.
- To outline the principles of Physics of different medical radiation devices and their modern advances, especially in medical radiation therapy and different applications in medical physics.
- > To introduce the ideas of Radiography.
- > To form a good base for further studies like research.

UNITS	Course Details
	Electromagnetic Spectrum – Production of X-Rays – X-Ray
UNIT I:	Spectrum –Bremsstrahlung – Characteristic X-Ray – X-Ray
X-RAYS AND	Tubes – Coolidge Tube – X-Ray Tube Design – Thermistors –
TRANSDUCERS	photo electric transducers – Photo voltaic cells – photo emissive
	cells –Photoconductive cells– piezoelectric transducer
UNIT II:	Introduction – sphygmomanometer – Measurement of heart rate
BLOOD	– basic principles of electrocardiogram (ECG) – Basic principles
PRESSURE	of electro-neurography (ENG) – Basic principles of magnetic
MEASUREMENTS	resonance imaging (MRI).
	Radiation Units – Exposure – Absorbed Dose – Rad to Gray –
UNIT III:	Kera Relative Biological Effectiveness –Effective Dose – Sievert
RADIATION	(Sv) – Inverse Square Law – Interaction of radiation with Matter
PHYSICS	– Linear Attenuation Coefficient – Radiation Detectors –Thimble
FUI 2102	Chamber – Condenser Chambers – Geiger Counter –
	Scintillation Counter

UNIT IV: MEDICAL IMAGING PHYSICS	Radiological Imaging – Radiography – Filters – Grids – Cassette – X-Ray Film – Film processing – Fluoroscopy – Computed Tomography Scanner – Principal Function – Display – Mammography – Ultrasound Imaging – Magnetic Resonance Imaging – Thyroid Uptake System – Gamma Camera (Only Principle, Function and display)
UNIT V: RADIATION PROTECTION	Principles of Radiation Protection – Protective Materials – Radiation Effects – Somatic – Genetic Stochastic and Deterministic Effect – Personal Monitoring Devices – TLD Film Badge – Pocket Dosimeter
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	 Dr. K. Thayalan , Basic Radiological Physics, Jayapee Brothers Medical Publishing Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2003. Curry, Dowdey and Murry, Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology: -LippincotWilliams and Wilkins, 1990. FM Khan, Physics of Radiation Therapy, William and Wilkins, 3rd ed, 2003. D. J. Dewhurst, An Introduction to Biomedical Instrumentation, 1st ed, Elsevier Science, 2014. R.S. Khandpur, Hand Book of Biomedical Instrumentations, 1st ed, TMG, New Delhi, 2005.
REFERENCE BOOKS	 Muhammad Maqbool, An Introduction to Medical Physics, 1st ed, Springer International Publishing, 2017. Daniel Jirák, FrantišekVítek, Basics of Medical Physics, 1st ed, Charles University, Karolinum Press, 2018 Anders Brahme, Comprehensive Biomedical Physics, Volume 1, 1st ed, Elsevier Science, 2014. K. Venkata Ram, Bio-Medical Electronics and Instrumentation, 1st ed, Galgotia Publications, New Delhi, 2001.

	 John R. Cameron and James G. Skofronick, 2009, Medical Physics, John Wiley Interscience Publication, Canada, 2nd edition.
WEB SOURCES	 <u>https:nptel.ac.in/courses/108/103/108103157/</u> <u>https://www.studocu.com/en/course/university-of-technology-sydney/medical-devices-and-diagnostics/225692</u> <u>https://www.technicalsymposium.com/alllecturenotes_biomed.html</u> <u>https://lecturenotes.in/notes/17929-note-for-biomedical-instrumentation-bi-by-deepraj-adhikary/78</u> <u>https://www.modulight.com/applications-medical/</u>

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Learn the fundamentals, production and applications of X-	K1			
	rays.				
	Understand the basics of blood pressure measurements. Learn				
CO2	about sphygmomanometer, EGC, ENG and basic principles of	K2			
	MRI.				
CO3	Apply knowledge on Radiation Physics	K3			
CO4	Analyze Radiological imaging and filters	K4			
CO5	Assess the principles of radiation protection	K5			
K1 - R	emember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - E	valuate;			

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes (CO) for each course with program outcomes (PO)

and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) **and** LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
C01	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3

CO3	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	3	3	1	3

Skill Enhancement Course – I: ELECTRONICS IN DAILY LIFE

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHS01	ELECTRONICS IN DAILY LIFE	SEC				2	2	75

Pre-Requisites

Electronic components and home electrical appliances, Communication devices and safety mechanics of electronic devices.

Learning Objectives

- > To understand the basic electronic components.
- ➢ To study the working of various electrical appliances.
- ➤ To outline the principles of home electronic appliances.
- > To introduce the ideas about the communication devices.
- ▶ To form a good awareness on safety mechanism of electronic devices.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS	Resistors – Capacitors – Resistance values – Capacitor value – Fuse wire – Transistors – Integrated chips.
UNIT II: ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES	Switch board – Main box – Metal circuit breakers (MCB) – AC – DC currents – Two Phase – Three Phase electrical connections – generators – un intrepid power supply (UPS)- stabilizer – voltage regulators – Electrical devices – Iron box – Fan – Electrical Oven – water Heaters Air conditioners – Refrigerators – washing machines.
UNIT III: ELECTRONIC HOME APPLIANCES	Radio – Audio tape - speaker- televisions – VCR – CD Players – DVD – calculators – Computers – scanner – Printer – Digital

	Camera – LCD Projectors – Display devices.
UNIT IV: COMMUNICATIONS ELECTRONICS	Principles of optical fiber Cables (OFC) – Telephone – Mobile phones – wireless phone – Antenna - Internet - Intranet.
UNIT V: SAFETY MECHANISM	Handling Electrical appliances - Power saving methods – Hazards Prevention Methods - Protection of Hi –Fi electronic devices.

TEXT BOOKS	 S.S. Kamble – Electronics and Mathematics Data book – Allied publishers Ltd, 1997. William David Cooper, Electronic Instrumentation and Measurement Technique, Second Edition, Prentice-Hall, 1978. Electronics In Every Day Life, William Charles Vergara, Dover Publications, 1983. The Importance of Electronics in Modern Life, Edubirdie, 2022.
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REFERENCE BOOKS	 Electronics in Every Day Life, Text book solutions, HW Solutions, 2003-2023, Chegg Inc. Making Every day Electronics Work: A Yourself Guide, Stan Gibilisco, First Edition, 2013. Human Activity Recognition: Using wearable Sensors and Smart phones, Miguel A.Labrador, Oscar D. Lara Yejas, Chapman and Hall / CRC Computer and Information Science Series, First Edition, 2013. Study of Electrical Appliances and Devices –Bhatia, Kanna Publications, 2014.
WEB SOURCES	 https://byjus.com/physics/electronics-in-daily-life/ https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/e-commerce-our-daily- life-dash-technologies-inc https://www.quora.com/What-are-the-most-important- electronic-devices-for-everyday-life https://edubirdie.com/examples/the-importance-of- electronics - in modern - life/

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO 1	Learn the construction and working of basic electronic components.	K1			
CO 2	Understand the mechanism of various electrical appliances.				
CO 3	Apply knowledge home electrical appliances.				
CO 4	Analyze various communication devices.	K4			
CO5	Assess the safety mechanism of electronic devices.	K5			
K1 - F	emember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evalu	ate;			

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

CO1	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	3	1	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO1 0
C01	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	3	1	3
C05	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	3	1	3

Practical - PRACTICAL - II

I YEAR - SECOND SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P2PHCP02	PRACTICAL - II	Core				2	6	60

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge and handling of basic general and electronics experiments of Physics **Learning Objectives**

- To understand the concept of mechanical behavior of materials and calculation of same using appropriate equations.
- To calculate the thermodynamic quantities and physical properties of materials.
- > To analyze the optical and electrical properties of materials.
- > To observe the applications of FET and UJT.
- > To study the different applications of operational amplifier circuits.
- > To learn about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits

Course Details

(Any Twelve Experiments)

- 1. Determine the Young's modulus of a given material by the method of Elliptical fringes.
- 2. Determine the magnetic susceptibility of a given liquid by Quincke's method.
- 3. Determine the specific charge of an electron using Spectrometer.
- 4. Determine Rydberg's Constant using diffraction grating and Hydrogen discharge tube.
- 5. Determine the Thermal Conductivity of a metal by Forbe's Method.
- 6. Determine the Resistivity of the given Semiconductor at different temperature by using Four Probe Method and calculate energy band gap.
- 7. Study the multiplexer and Demultiplexer and verify their truth table.
- 8. Study the decode counter by using IC 7447, IC 7490 and Seven segment display and verify the truth table.

- 9. Construct a square wave generator using IC 555 timer and verify the result.
- 10. Solve simultaneous equation using IC 741 analog computation and verify the result.
- 11. Construct and verify the active filters (Low pass and High pass) using the operational amplifier IC 741.
- 12. Convert Voltage to Current using IC 741 and study their result. Iodine absorption spectra
- 13. Molecular spectra CN bands
- 14. Determination of Refractive index of liquids using diode Laser/ He Ne Laser
- 15. Determination of Numerical Apertures and Acceptance angle of optical fibers using Laser Source.
- 16. Measurement of Dielectricity Microwave test bench
- 17. Hall Effect in Semiconductor. Determine the Hall coefficient, carrier concentration and carrier mobility
- 18. Interpretation of vibrational spectra of a given material
- 19. Determination of I-V Characteristics and efficiency of solar cell.
- 20. IC 7490 as scalar and seven segment display using IC7447
- 21. Solving simultaneous equations IC 741 / IC LM324
- 22. Op-Amp –Active filters: Low pass, High pass and Band pass filters (Second Order) Batter worth filter
- 23. Construction of Current to Voltage and Voltage to Current Conversion using IC 741.
- 24. Construction of second order butter worth multiple feedback narrow band pass filter
- 25. Realization of analog to digital converter (ADC) using 4-bit DAC and synchronous counter IC74193
- 26. Construction of square wave generator using IC 555 Study of VCO
- 27. Construction of Schmidt trigger circuit using IC555 for a given hysteresis Application as squarer
- 28. Construction of pulse generator using the IC 555 Application as frequency divider
- 29. BCD to Excess- 3 and Excess 3 to BCD code conversion
- 30. Study of binary up / down counters IC 7476 / IC7473

TEXT BOOKS	 Practical Physics, Gupta and Kumar, Pragati Prakasan Kit Developed for doing experiments in Physics-
	Instruction manual, R. Srinivasan K.R Priolkar, Indian Academy of Sciences

	2. On Anna and linear intermeted sincerit Demolograph A
	3. Op-Amp and linear integrated circuit, Ramakanth A
	Gaykwad, Eastern Economy Edition.
	4. Electronic lab manual Vol I, K ANavas, Rajath Publishing
	5. Electronic lab manual Vol II, K ANavas, PHI eastern
	Economy Edition
	1. An advanced course in Practical Physics, D.
	Chattopadhayay,
	C.R Rakshit, New Central Book Agency Pvt. Ltd
	2. Advanced Practical Physics, S.P Singh, Pragati Prakasan
REFERENCE	3. A course on experiment with He-Ne Laser, R. S. Sirohi,
BOOKS	John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt. ltd
	4. Electronic lab manual Vol II, Kuriachan T.D, Syam
	Mohan, Ayodhya Publishing
	5. Electronic Laboratory Primer a design approach, S.
	Poornachandra,
	B. Sasikala, Wheeler Publishing, New Delhi

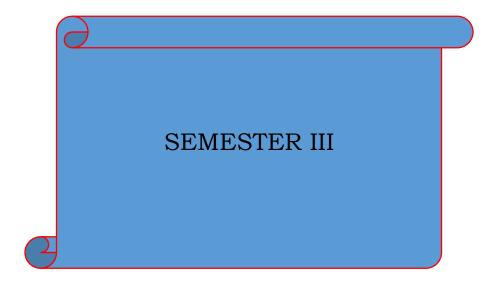
At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand the strength of material using Young's modulus	K2				
CO2	Acquire knowledge of thermal behavior of the materials	K1				
CO3	Understand theoretical principles of magnetism through the experiments.	K2				
CO4	Acquire knowledge about arc spectrum and applications of laser	K1				
CO5	Improve the analytical and observation ability in Physics Experiments	K4				
CO6	Conduct experiments on applications of FET and UJT	K5				
CO7	Analyze various parameters related to operational amplifiers	K4				
CO8	Understand the concepts involved in arithmetic and logical circuits using IC's	K2				
CO9	Acquire knowledge about Combinational Logic Circuits and Sequential Logic Circuits	К3				
CO1 0Analyze the applications of counters and registers						
K1 - Re	emember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate					

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	2	2	S	S	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	S	S	S	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
C06	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
C07	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
C08	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
C07	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3



	SEMESTER - III								
Subject Code		Subject Title	Hrs	Credit	Exam	Int. Marks	Ent. Marks	Total Mark	
23P3PHC06	Core - VI	Quantum Mechanics –II		4	3	25	75	100	
23P3PHC07	Core - VII	Spectroscopy	6	4	3	25	75	100	
23P3PHC08	Core - VIII Electromagnetic Theory		5	4	3	25	75	100	
23P3PHDE03	Elective – IV*	Microprocessor 8085 and Microcontroller 8051	4	3	3	25	75	100	
23P3PHCP03	Core Practical - III Practical – III		6	4	4	40	60	100	
23P3HR01	Common subject	Human Rights		1	3	25	75	100	
23P3PHS02	Skill Enhancement Course – III	Enhancement Scientific		2	3	25	75	100	
23P3C3INT01	Internship /I (15 days)	ndustrial Activity		1	-	-		-	
	Total		30	23	22	190	510	700	

QUANTUM MECHANICS – II

II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHC06	QUANTUM MECHANICS – II	Core				4	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Knowledge of postulates of Quantum mechanics, properties of Hermitian operators, ladder operators, degeneracy, angular momentum techniques and commutation rules

Learning Objectives

- Formal development of the theory and the properties of angular momenta, both orbital and spin
- > To familiarize the students to the crucial concepts of scattering theory such as partial wave analysis and Barn approximation.
- Time-dependent Perturbation theory and its application to study of interaction of an atom with the electromagnetic field
- To give the students a firm grounding in relativistic quantum mechanics, with emphasis on Dirac equation and related concepts
- To introduce the concept of covariance and the use of Feynman graphs for depicting different interactions

UNITS	Course Details					
	Scattering amplitude - Cross sections - Born approximation					
UNIT 1:	and its validity – Scattering by a screened coulomb potential –					
SCATTERING	Yukawa potential – Partial wave analysis – Scattering length					
THEORY	and Effective range theory for s wave – Optical theorem					
	Time dependent perturbation theory - Constant and					
UNIT II:	harmonic perturbations - Fermi Golden rule - Transition					
PERTURBATI	probability Einstein's A and B Coefficients – Adiabatic					
ON THEORY	approximation - Sudden approximation - Semi - classical					
ON THEORY	treatment of an atom with electromagnetic radiation -					
	Selection rules for dipole radiation					

UNIT III:	View Conden Equation Duchshility density Dines Matrices
	Klein – Gordon Equation –Probability density– Dirac Matrices
Relativistic	– Dirac Equation – Plane Wave Solutions – Interpretation Of
QUANTUM	Negative Energy States – Antiparticles – Spin of Electron –
MECHANICS	Magnetic Moment Of An Electron Due To Spin
UNIT IV:	Covariant form of Dirac Equation - Properties of the gamma
DIRAC	matrices – Traces – Relativistic invariance of Dirac equation –
EQUATION	_
	Probability Density – Current four vector – Bilinear covariant
UNIT V: CLASSICAL	Classical fields – Euler Lagrange equation – Hamiltonian
FIELDS AND	formulation - Noether's theorem - Quantization of real and
SECOND	complex scalar fields – Creation, Annihilation and Number
QUANTIZATION	operators – Fock states – Second Quantization of K-G field.
YUNNIDATION	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial
UNIT VI:	Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable
PROFESSIONAL	
COMPONENTS	and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social
	Accountability and Patriotism, Walter Living Lectures
	1. P. M. Mathews and K. Venkatesan, A Text book of
	Quantum Mechanics,2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill,
	New Delhi, 2010.
	2. G. Aruldhas, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Edition,
	Prentice-Hall of India, NewDelhi,2009
	3. L. I. Schiff, Quantum Mechanics, 3rd Edition,
TEXT BOOKS	International Student Edition, McGraw-Hill
	Kogakusha, Tokyo, 1968
	4. V. Devanathan, Quantum Mechanics, 1st Edition,
	Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2005.
	5. Nouredine Zettili, Quantum mechanics concepts and
	applications, 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2017
	1. P. A. M. Dirac, The Principles of Quantum Mechanics,
	4th Edition, Oxford University Press, London, 1973.
	2. B. K. Agarwal & Hari Prakash, Quantum Mechanics, 7th reprint DILL corning Drt. Ltd. New Delhi 2000
	7th reprint, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
REFERENCE	3. Deep Chandra Joshi, Quantum Electrodynamics and
BOOKS	Particle Physics, 1 st edition, I.K. International Publishing
	house Pvt. Ltd., 2006
	4. Ghatak and S. Lokanathan, Quantum Mechanics:
	Theory and Applications, 4 th Edition, Macmillan India,
	New Delhi.

	5. E. Merzbacher, Quantum Mechanics, 2nd edition,									
	John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1970									
	1. <u>https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/physics/8-05-quantum-</u>									
	physics-ii-fall-2013/lecture									
	notes/MIT8_05F13_Chap_09.pdf									
WEB	2. http://www.thphys.nuim.ie/Notes/MP463/MP463_Ch									
SOURCES	1.pdf									
SUURCES	3. http://hep.itp.tuwien.ac.at/~kreuzer/qt08.pdf									
	4. https://www.cmi.ac.in/~govind/teaching/rel-qm-									
	rc13/rel-qm-notes-gk.pdf									
	5. <u>https://web.mit.edu/dikaiser/www/FdsAmSci.pdf</u>									

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Familiarize the concept of scattering theory such as partial	K1				
	wave analysis and Born approximation					
CO2	Give a firm grounding in relativistic quantum mechanics,	K2				
	with emphasis on Dirac equation and related concepts	κ <i>∠</i>				
CO3	Discuss the relativistic quantum mechanical equations					
	namely, Klein-Gordon and Dirac equations and the	K1, K4				
	phenomena accounted by them like electron spin and	кı, к ч				
	magnetic moment					
CO4	Introduce the concept of covariance and the use of Feynman	K1,				
	graphs for depicting different interactions	K3				
CO5	Demonstrate an understanding of field quantization and the	K5				
	explanation of the scattering matrix.	кS				
K1 - F	K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evalu					

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) andLOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3

CO4	2	1	1	3	3	1	2	2	3	3
CO5	2	1	1	3	3	2	2	2	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	3	3
CO4	2	1	1	3	3	1	2	2	3	3
C05	2	1	1	3	3	2	2	2	3	3

Paper 8 - SPEC	II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER							
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHC07	SPECTROSCOPY	Core				4	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Thorough understanding of electromagnetic spectrum, mathematical abilities, knowledge of molecules, their structure, bond nature, physical and chemical behaviour

Learning Objectives

- > To comprehend the theory behind different spectroscopic methods
- To know the working principles along with an overview of construction of different types of spectrometers involved
- > To explore various applications of these techniques in R &D.
- Apply spectroscopic techniques for the qualitative and quantitative analysis of various chemical compounds.
- > Understand this important analytical tool

UNITS	Course							
	Details							
	Rotational spectra of diatomic molecules - Rigid Rotor (Diatomic							
UNIT I:	Molecules)-reduced mass - rotational constant - Effect of isotopic							
UNII I.	substitution - Non rigid rotator - centrifugal distortion constant-							
MICROWAVE	Intensity of Spectral Lines- Polyatomic molecules – linear –							
SPECTROSCOPY	symmetric asymmetric top molecules							
SPECIROSCOPI	Instrumentation techniques - block diagram -Information Derived							
	from Rotational Spectra- Stark effect.							
	Vibrations of simple harmonic oscillator – zero-point energy-							
	Anharmonic oscillator - fundamentals, overtones and							
UNIT II:	combinations- Diatomic Vibrating Rotator- PR branch – PQR							
	branch- Fundamental modes of Vibrational of H ₂ O							
INFRA-RED	-Introduction to application of vibration spectra.							
SPECTROSCOPY	IR Spectrophotometer Instrumentation (Double Beam							
SPECINOSCOPI	Spectrometer) – Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy -							
	Interpretation of vibrational spectra-remote analysis of							
	atmospheric gases like N_2O using FTIR by National Remote							

	Sensing Centre (NRSC), India– other simple applications
	Theory of Raman Scattering - Classical theory – molecular
	polarizability – polarizability ellipsoid - Quantum theory of Raman
UNIT III:	effect - rotational Raman spectra of linear molecule - symmetric
	top molecule – Stokes and anti-stokes line- SR branch -Raman
RAMAN	activity of H_2O - Mutual exclusion principle-
SPECTROSCOPY	Instrumentation technique and block diagram - structure
	determination of planar and non-planar molecules using IR and
	Raman techniques - FT Raman spectroscopy- SERS
	Nuclear and Electron spin- Interaction with magnetic field -
	Population of Energy levels - Larmor precession- Relaxation times
	NMR of Hydrogen nuclei - Instrumentation techniques of NMR
UNIT IV:	spectroscopy – MRI Scan.
	Electron Spin Resonance: Basic principle –Total Hamiltonian
RESONANCE	(Direct Dipole-Dipole interaction and Fermi Contact Interaction) –
SPECTROSCOPY	Hyperfine Structure (Hydrogen atom) – ESR Spectra of Free
	radicals – g-factors – Instrumentation - Medical applications of
	ESR
	Origin of UV spectra - Laws of absorption – Lambert Bouguer law
	– Lambert Beer law - molar absorptivity – transmittance and
UNIT V:	absorbance - Color in organic compounds- Absorption by organic
	Molecule -Chromospheres -Effect of conjugation on
UV	chromospheres - Choice of Solvent and Solvent effect - Absorption
SPECTROSCOPY	by inorganic systems - Instrumentation - double beam UV-
	Spectrophotometer -Simple applications
	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial
UNIT VI:	Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and
PROFESSIONAL	Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and
COMPONENTS	Patriotism
	1. C N Banwell and E M McCash, 1994, Fundamentals of
	Molecular Spectroscopy, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw–Hill,
	New Delhi.
	2. G Aruldhas, 1994, Molecular Structure and Molecular
	Spectroscopy, Prentice–Hall of India, New Delhi.
TEXT BOOKS	3. D.N. Satyanarayana, 2001, Vibrational Spectroscopy and
	Applications, New Age International Publication.
	4. B.K. Sharma, 2015, Spectroscopy, Goel Publishing House
	Meerut.
	5. Kalsi.P.S, 2016, Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds (7th

	Edition),
	New Age International Publishers.
	1. J L McHale, 2008, Molecular Spectroscopy, Pearson
	Education India, New Delhi.
	2. J M Hollas, 2002, Basic Atomic and Molecular
	Spectroscopy, Royal Society of Chemistry, RSC, Cambridge.
REFERENCE	3. B. P. Straughan and S. Walker, 1976, Spectroscopy Vol. I,
BOOKS	Chapman and Hall, New York.
	4. K. Chandra, 1989, Introductory Quantum Chemistry, Tata
	McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
	5. Demtroder. W, Laser Spectroscopy: Basic concepts and
	Instrumentation, Springer Link.
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0iQhirTf2PI</u>
	2. <u>https://www.coursera.org/lecture/spectroscopy/introducti</u>
	on-3N5D5
	3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/spectroscopy/infrared-
WEB SOURCES	spectroscopy-8jEee
	4. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cy08/preview
	5. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/spectroscopy/nmr-
	spectroscopy-introduction-XCWRu

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

Understand fundamentals of rotational spectroscopy, view		
-	K2	
to quantify their nature and correlate them with their		
characteristic properties.		
Understand the working principles of spectroscopic		
instruments and theoretical background of IR spectroscopy.		
Able to correlate mathematical process of Fourier	к2, кз	
transformations with instrumentation. Able to interpret		
vibrational spectrum of small molecules.		
Interpret structures and composition of molecules and use		
their knowledge of Raman Spectroscopy as an important	K5	
analytical tool		
Use these resonance spectroscopic techniques for quantitative	K4	
and qualitative estimation of a substances	N 4	
Learn the electronic transitions caused by absorption of	V1 VE	
radiation in the UV/Vis region of the electromagnetic	K1, K5	
	 molecules as elastic rotors and interpret their behaviour. Able to quantify their nature and correlate them with their characteristic properties. Understand the working principles of spectroscopic instruments and theoretical background of IR spectroscopy. Able to correlate mathematical process of Fourier transformations with instrumentation. Able to interpret vibrational spectrum of small molecules. Interpret structures and composition of molecules and use their knowledge of Raman Spectroscopy as an important analytical tool Use these resonance spectroscopic techniques for quantitative and qualitative estimation of a substances Learn the electronic transitions caused by absorption of 	

spectrum	and	be able	to	analvze a	simple	UV	spectrum.	
- I				··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- <u>r</u> -	-	·	

K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) andLOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO1 0
CO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Paper 10 - ELEC	CTROMAGNETIC THEORY	II YEA	R -	TH]	IRD	SEM	IESTE	R
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHC08	ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites

Different coordinate systems, Laplace's equation, conducting & non-conducting medium, basic definitions in magnetism, propagation of electromagnetic waves, plasma

Learning Objectives

- To acquire knowledge about boundary conditions between two media and the technique of method of separation of variables
- > To understand Biot Savart's law and Ampere's circuital law
- To comprehend the physical ideas contained in Maxwell's equations, Coulomb & Lorentz gauges, conservation laws
- To assimilate the concepts of propagation, polarization, reflection and refraction of electromagnetic waves
- > To grasp the concept of plasma as the fourth state of matter

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: ELECTROSTATICS	Boundary value problems and Laplace equation – Boundary conditions and uniqueness theorem – Laplace equation in three dimension – Solution in Cartesian and spherical polar coordinates Polarization and displacement vectors - Boundary conditions - Dielectric sphere in a uniform field – Molecular polarizability and electrical susceptibility – Electrostatic energy in the presence of dielectric.
UNIT II: MAGNETOSTATICS	Biot-Savart's Law - Ampere's law - Magnetic vector potential and magnetic field of a localized current distribution - Magnetic moment, force and torque on a current distribution in an external field - Magneto static energy - Magnetic induction and magnetic field in macroscopic media - Boundary conditions - Uniformly

	magnetized sphere.
	Faraday's laws of Induction - Maxwell's displacement current - Maxwell's equations - Vector and scalar
UNIT III:	potentials - Gauge invariance - Wave equation and plane
MAXWELL	wave solution- Coulomb and Lorentz gauges - Energy and
EQUATIONS	momentum of the field - Poynting's theorem - Lorentz force
	- Conservation laws for a system of charges and
	electromagnetic fields.
	Plane waves in non-conducting media - Linear and circular
	polarization, reflection and refraction at a plane interface -
UNIT IV:	Waves in a conducting medium - Propagation of waves in a
WAVE	rectangular wave guide.
PROPAGATION	Inhomogeneous wave equation and retarded potentials -
	Radiation from a localized source - Oscillating electric
_	dipole
	The Boltzmann Equation - Simplified magneto-
UNIT V:	hydrodynamic equations - Electron plasma oscillations -
ELEMENTARY	The Debye shielding problem - Plasma confinement in a
PLASMA PHYSICS	magnetic field - Magneto-hydrodynamic waves - Alfven
	waves and magnetosonic waves.
UNIT VI:	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable
PROFESSIONAL	and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social
COMPONENTS	Accountability and Patriotism
	1. D. J. Griffiths, 2002, Introduction to Electrodynamics,
	3 rd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
	2. J. R. Reitz, F. J. Milford and R. W. Christy, 1986,
	Foundations of Electromagnetic Theory, 3 rd edition,
	Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.
TEVT DOOVS	3. J. D. Jackson, 1975, Classical Electrodynamics,
TEXT BOOKS	Wiley Eastern Ltd. New Delhi.
	4. J. A. Bittencourt, 1988, Fundamentals of Plasma
	Physics, Pergamon Press, Oxford.
	5. Gupta, Kumar and Singh, Electrodynamics, S.
	Chand & Co., New Delhi
	1. W. Panofsky and M. Phillips, 1962, Classical
REFERENCE	Electricity and Magnetism, Addison Wesley, London.
BOOKS	2. J. D. Kraus and D. A. Fleisch, 1999,
	Electromagnetics with Applications, 5 th Edition, WCB

	McGraw-Hill, New York.
	3. B. Chakraborty, 2002, Principles of Electrodynamics,
	Books and Allied, Kolkata.
	4. P. Feynman, R. B. Leighton and M. Sands, 1998, The
	Feynman Lectures on Physics, Vols. 2, Narosa
	Publishing House, New Delhi.
	5. Andrew Zangwill, 2013, Modern Electrodynamics,
	Cambridge University Press, USA.
	1. <u>http://www.plasma.uu.se/CED/Book/index.html</u>
	2. <u>http://www.thphys.nuim.ie/Notes/electromag/fram</u>
	<u>e-notes.html</u>
	3. <u>http://www.thphys.nuim.ie/Notes/em-topics/em-</u>
WEB SOURCES	topics.html
WEB SOURCES	4. <u>http://dmoz.org/Science/Physics/Electromagnetism</u>
	<u>/Courses_and_Tutorials/</u>
	5. <u>https://www.cliffsnotes.com/study-</u>
	guides/physics/electricity-and-
	magnetism/electrostatics

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Solve the differential equations using Laplace equation and to find	K1,
	solutions for boundary value problems	K5
CO2	Use Biot-Savart's law and Ampere circuital law to find the magnetic induction & magnetic vector potential for various	K2,
	physical problems	К3
CO3	Apply Maxwell's equations to describe how electromagnetic field behaves in different media	кз
CO4	Apply the concept of propagation of EM waves through wave guides in optical fiber communications and also in radar installations, calculate the transmission and reflection coefficients of electromagnetic waves	КЗ, К4
CO5	Investigate the interaction of ionized gases with self-consistent electric and magnetic fields	К5

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM

(2) andLOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO1 0
CO1	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO2	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO3	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO4	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3
CO5	3	3	3	1	2	2	3	3	1	3

Elective - MICRO AND MICROCO	II YEAR –	тн	IRI) SE	MES	TER		
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHDE03	MICROPROCESSOR 8085 AND MICROCONTROLLER 8051	ELECTIVE				3	4	75

Pre-Requisites
Knowledge of number systems and binary operations
Learning Objectives

- To provide an understanding of the architecture and functioning of microprocessor 8085A and to the methods of interfacing I/O devices and memory to microprocessor
- > To introduce 8085A programming and applications and the architecture and instruction sets of microcontroller 8051

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: EVOLUTION AND ARCHITECTURE OF MICROPROCESSOR S 8085	ALLI Flags Deviators Instruction act Adducesing medas
UNIT II: 8085 PERIPHERAL DEVICES AND THEIR INTERFACING	Memory mapped I/O scheme- I/O mapped I/O scheme - Memory and I/O interfacing - Programmable Peripheral Interface (PPI) INTEL 8255 - Data Transfers: Types of parallel and serial data transfer schemes - Direct Memory Access (DMA) controller INTEL 8257. Seven segment display interface - Interfacing of Digital to Analog converter and Analog to Digital converter - Stepper motor interface - Temperature measurement and control.
UNIT III: 8051 MICROCONTROLL ER HARDWARE	Introduction – Features of 8051 – 8051 Microcontroller Hardware: Pin-out 8051, Central Processing Unit (CPU), internal RAM, Internal ROM, Register set of 8051 – Memory organization of 8051 – Input/ Output pins, Ports and Circuits – External data memory and program memory: External

	program memory, External data memory.
	r - 8 ,
UNIT IV: 8051 INSTRUCTION SET AND ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING	Addressing modes – Data moving (Data transfer) instructions: Instructions to Access external data memory, external ROM / program memory, PUSH and POP instructions, Data exchange instructions – Logical instructions: byte and bit level logical operations, Rotate and swap operations – Arithmetic instructions: Flags, Incrementing and decrementing, Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and division, Decimal arithmetic – Jump and CALL instructions: Jump and Call program range, Jump, Call and subroutines – Programming.
UNIT V: INTERRUPT PROGRAMMING AND INTERFACING TO EXTERNAL WORLD	8051 Interrupts – Interrupt vector table – Enabling and disabling an interrupt – Timer interrupts and programming – Programming external hardware interrupts – Serial communication interrupts and programming – Interrupt priority in the 8051 : Nested interrupts , Software triggering of interrupt. LED Interface Seven segment display interface- Interfacing of Digital to Analog converter and Analog to Digital converter - Stepper motor interface - Measurement of electrical quantities – Voltage and current) Measurement of physical quantities(Temperature an strain).
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	 A. NagoorKani, Microprocessors & Microcontrollers, RBA Publications (2009). A. P. Godse and D. A. Godse, Microprocessors, Technical Publications, Pune (2009). Ramesh Gaonkar, Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Applications with 8085, Penram International Publishing (2013). B. Ram, Fundamentals of Microprocessors & Microcontrollers, DhanpatRai publications New Delhi (2016). V. Vijayendran, 2005, Fundamentals of Microprocessor- 8085", 3rd Edition S.Visvanathan Pvt, Ltd.

	1. Douglas V. Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing							
	programming and Hardware, Tata Mc Graw Hill							
	Publications (2008)							
	2. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice GillispieMazidi, Rolin D.							
	Mckinlay, The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded							
	Systems, Pearson Education (2008).							
	3. Barry B. Brey, 1995, The Intel Microprocessors 8086/8088,							
REFERENCE	80186, 80286, 80386 and 80486, 3rd Edition, Prentice-							
BOOKS	Hall of India, New Delhi.							
	4. J. Uffrenbeck, "The 8086/8088 Family-Design,							
	Programming and Interfacing, Software, Hardware and							
	Applications", Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.							
	5.W. A. Tribel, Avtar Singh, "The 8086/8088							
	Microprocessors: Programming, Interfacing, Software,							
	Hardware and Applications", Prentice-Hall of India, New							
	Delhi.							

	1. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/microprocessor/micro
	processor_8085_architecture.html
	2. <u>http://www.electronicsengineering.nbcafe.in/peripher</u>
	al-mapped-io-interfacing/
WEB SOURCES	3. <u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/programmable-</u>
	peripheral-interface-8255/
	4. http://www.circuitstoday.com/8051-microcontroller
	5. <u>https://www.elprocus.com/8051-assembly-language-</u>
	programming/

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge of architecture and working of 8085	К1
	microprocessor.	NI
CO2	Get knowledge of architecture and working of 8051	K1
	Microcontroller.	NI
CO3	Be able to write simple assembly language programs for 8085A	K2,
	microprocessor.	K3
CO4	Able to write simple assembly language programs for 8051	КЗ,
	Microcontroller.	K4
CO5	Understand the different applications of microprocessor and	K3,

microcontroller.

K 5

K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 -Evaluate;

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) **and** LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO1 0
CO1	2	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH PROCESS					–TH	IRI) SEI	MESTI	ER
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category		L	т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHS02	SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH PROCESS	Skill Enhanceme Course – III	-				2	2	75

Pre-Requisites
Ability in scientific research process
Learning Objectives
> To give an introduction to students in the areas of scientific research
process

	Definition Orientific Descent Meaning and importance of
UNIT – I :	Definition- Scientific Research- Meaning and importance of
RESEARCH	Research – Types of Research - Defining and formulating the
PROBLEM	research problem - Selecting the problem - Necessity of
	defining the problem.
UNIT – II :	
LITERATURE	Importance of literature review in defining a problem -
REVIEW	Literature review – reviews – web as a source
UNIT – III :	Data Preparation - Univariate analysis (frequency tables, bar
DATA ANALYSIS	charts, pie charts, percentages), Reference Management
	Software like Zotero/ Mendeley, Software for paper formatting
	like LaTeX/ MS Office, Software for detection of Plagiarism
UNIT – IV:	Preparing Research papers for journals, Seminars and
SCIENTIFIC	Conferences - power point and poster presentation-
PRESENTATION	Calculations of Impact factor of a journal, citation Index,
	ISBN & ISSN- web of science
UNIT - V :	
ETHICS OF	Ethical Issues - Ethical Committees - Commercialization -
RESEARCH	copy right - Plagiarism – Citation and Acknowledgement

	1. Garg.B.L., Karadia, R., Agarwal, F. and Agarwal, U.K.,
	2002. An introduction to Research Methodology, RBSA
	Publishers
	2. Kothari, C.R.(2008). Research Methodology: Methods
TEXT BOOKS	and Techniques. Second Edition. New Age
IEAI BUUNS	International Publishers, New Delhi.
	3. Thesis and assignment writing – J.Anderson,
	B.H.Durston and M.Poole – Wiley Eastern, New Delhi
	(1977).
	1. How to write a research paper – Ralph Berry,
	Pergamon Press, Oxford (1986).
REFERENCE	2. Form and style in thesis writing – W.G.Campbell, The
BOOKS	University of Chicago Press (2016).
	3. A Handbook of Methodology of Research – Rajammal
	P.A.Devadas, R.M.M.Vidyalaya Press (1976).
	1. https://www.bu.edu/abroad/files/2016/06/CAS-NS291-Introduction-into-
	Scientific-Research.pdf
WEB SOURCES	2. <u>https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/e-commerce-our-</u>
WED SOURCES	daily-life-dash-technologies-inc
	3. <u>https://www.quora.com/What-are-the-most-</u>
	important-electronic-devices-for-everyday-life

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand scientific research process	K2			
CO2	To analyze research problem	K4,K1			
CO3	Apply the data handling	K3			
CO4	To remember the research process	K1			
CO5	To apply the research presentation	К3			
K1 - Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - Evaluate;					

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2

CO3	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO5	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	S	М	S	М	L	S	S
CO2	S	М	S	L	L	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	L	М	М	М
CO4	S	М	S	S	М	S	S
CO5	S	М	S	L	М	М	М

PRACTICAL III

II YEAR - THIRD SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHCP03	PRACTICAL - III	Core				4	6	75

Pre-Requisites
Fundamentals of digital principles
Learning Objectives
> To understand the theory and working of Microprocessor, Microcontroller
and their applications

> To use microprocessor and Microcontroller in different applications

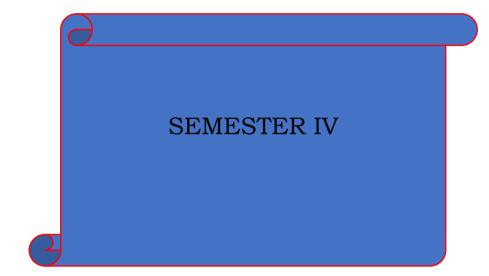
Course Details

Practical IV: MICROPROCESSOR 8085 AND MICROCONTROLLER 8051 (ANY TWELVE EXPERIMENTS)

- 1. 8-bit addition and subtraction 8085
- 2. 8-bit multiplication and division 8085
- 3. Picking up the smallest and largest number in an array.
- 4. Sum of a set of N data (8-bit number)
- 5. Ascending and descending order in given array
- 6. Multi-byte decimal addition and subtraction
- 7. 16- bit square root of a number and square of a number
- 8. 16-bit addition and subtraction 8085
- 9. 16-bit multiplication and division 8085
- 10. Interfacing of DC stepper motor 8085
- 11. Sum of simple series and Factorial of a given number.
- 12. ADC 0809 interface
- 13. Data transfer program

- 14. Interfacing of seven segment display
- 15. Addition and Subtraction of 8-bit numbers 8051
- 16. Multiplication and Division of 8-bit numbers 8051
- 17. Sum of a series of 8-bit numbers 8051
- 18. Stepper motor interfacing
- 19. ADC interfacing
- 20. Temperature controller and Measurements
- 21. Traffic light controller

	1. Douglas V. Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing programming
	and Hardware, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publications (2008)
	2. Muhammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin D.
	Mckinlay,
	The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems, Pearson
TEXT	Education (2008).
BOOKS	3. V. Vijayendran, 2005, Fundamentals of Microprocessor-8085",
	3rd Edition S. Visvanathan Pvt, Ltd.
	4. The 8085 Microprocessor, Architecture, Programming and
	Interfacing – K. Udaya Kumar, S. Uma Shankar, Pearson
	5. Fundamentals of Microprocessors and Microcontrollers - B.
	Ram, Dhanpat Rai Publications
	1. W. A. Tribel, Avtar Singh, "The 8086/8088 Microprocessors:
	Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware and
	Applications", Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
	2. Microprocessor and Its Application - S. Malarvizhi, Anuradha
	Agencies Publications
REFERENCE	3. Microprocessor Architecture, Program And Its Application With
BOOKS	8085 - R.S. Gaonkar, New Age International (P) Ltd
DOOMS	4. Barry B. Brey, 1995, The Intel Microprocessors 8086/8088,
	80186, 80286, 80386 and 80486, 3rd Edition, Prentice- Hall of
	India, New Delhi.
	5. J. Uffrenbeck, "The 8086/8088 Family-Design, Programming
	and Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications",
	Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.



		SEMI	ESTER -	IV				
Subject Code		Subject Title	Hrs	Credit	Exam	Int. Marks	Ent. Marks	Total Mark
23P4PHC09	Core – IX	Nuclear and Particle Physics	6	4	3	25	75	100
23P4PHC10	Core - X	Condensed Matter Physics	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P4PHC11	Core - XI	Computational techniques for Physics	5	4	3	25	75	100
23P4PHCP04	Core Practical - IV	Practical – IV	6	4	4	40	60	100
23P4PHPR01	Core - XII	Project with Viva-Voce	4	4	-	25	75	100
23P4PHDE04	Soft Skill – II Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	Robotics, Al in Physics	2	2	3	25	75	100
23P4PH ED1	EDC	Applied polymer Chemistry	2	2	3	25	75	100
		Extension Activity	-	1	-	-	-	-
	Total				19	190	510	700

CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS

II YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P4PHC10	CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites

Basic knowledge of atomic physics, quantum mechanics and statistical mechanics.

Learning Objectives

- > To describe various crystal structures, symmetry and to differentiate different types of bonding.
- > To construct reciprocal space, understand the lattice dynamics and apply it to concept of specific heat.
- > To critically assess various theories of electrons in solids and their impact in distinguishing solids.
- Outline different types of magnetic materials and explain the underlying phenomena.
- Elucidation of concepts of superconductivity, the underlying theories relate to current areas of research.

UNITS	Course Details
	Basic Concepts :
	Types of lattices - Miller indices - Simple crystal structures -
	Atomic Packing Factor Symmetry elements and allowed
UNIT I:	rotations -Reciprocal Lattice (SC, BCC, FCC). Brillouin zone -
CRYSTAL	Structure factor - Atomic form factor
PHYSICS	Crystal diffraction:
	Bragg's law – Scattered Wave Amplitude Structure and
	Diffraction Conditions - Laue equations - Inert gas crystals -
	Cohesive energy of ionic crystals
	Lattice with two atoms per primitive cell - First Brillouin zone -
UNIT II:	Group and phase velocities - Quantization of lattice vibrations -
LATTICE	Phonon momentum - Inelastic scattering by phonons - Thermal
DYNAMICS	Conductivity - Debye's theory of lattice heat capacity -
	Umkalapp processes.

	Free electron gas in three dimensions - Electronic heat capacity
UNIT III: THEORY OF METALS AND SEMICONDUC TORS	 Wiedemann-Franz law - Band theory of metals and semiconductors - Bloch theorem - Kronig-Penney model - Semiconductors - Intrinsic carrier concentration – Temperature Dependence - Mobility - Impurity conductivity – Impurity states Hall effect - Fermi surfaces and construction - Experimental methods in Fermi surface studies - de Hass-van Alphen effect .
UNIT IV: MAGNETISM	 Diamagnetism - Quantum theory of paramagnetism - Rare earth ion - Hund's rule - Quenching of orbital angular momentum - Adiabatic demagnetization - Quantum theory of ferromagnetism Curie point - Exchange integral - Heisenberg's interpretation of Weiss field - Ferromagnetic domains - Bloch wall - Spin waves Quantization - Magnons - Thermal excitation of magnons - Curie temperature and susceptibility of ferrimagnets - Theory of antiferomagnetism - Neel temperature.
UNIT V: SUPERCON DUCTIVITY	Experimental facts: Occurrence - Effect of magnetic fields - Meissner effect – Critical field – Critical current - Entropy and heat capacity - Energy gap -Type I and II Superconductors. Theoretical Explanation: Thermodynamics of super conducting transition - London equation - Coherence length – Isotope effect - Cooper pairs – Bardeen Cooper Schrieffer (BCS) Theory – BCS to Bose – Einstein Condensation (BEC) regime- Nature of paring and condensation of Fermions. Single particle tunneling - Josephson tunneling - DC and AC Josephson effects - High temperature Superconductors – SQUIDS.
UNIT VI: PROFESSION AL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	 C. Kittel, 1996, Introduction to Solid State Physics, 7th Edition, Wiley, New York. Rita John, Solid State Physics, Tata Mc- Graw Hill Publication. A. J. Dekker, Solid State Physics, Macmillan India, New Delhi. M. Ali Omar, 1974, Elementary Solid State Physics – Principlesand Applications, Addison - Wesley H. P. Myers, 1998, Introductory Solid State Physics, 2ndEdition,Viva Book, New Delhi.
REFERENCE BOOKS	 J. S. Blakemore, 1974, Solid state Physics, 2nd Edition, W.B. Saunder, Philadelphia H. M. Rosenburg, 1993, The Solid State, 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

	3. J. M. Ziman, 1971, Principles of the Theory of Solids,							
	Cambridge University Press, London.							
	4. C. Ross-Innes and E. H. Rhoderick, 1976, Introduction to							
	Superconductivity, Pergamon, Oxford.							
	5. J. P. Srivastava, 2001, Elements of Solid State Physics,							
	Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.							
	1. <u>http://www.physics.uiuc.edu/research/electronicstructure/</u>							
	<u>389/389-cal.html</u>							
	2. http://www.cmmp.ucl.ac.uk/%7Eaph/Teaching/3C25/index							
WEB	<u>.html</u>							
SOURCES	3. <u>https://www.britannica.com/science/crystal</u>							
SUURCES	4. <u>https://www.nationalgeographic.org/encyclopedia/magnetis</u>							
	<u>m/</u>							
	5. <u>https://www.brainkart.com/article/Super-</u>							
	Conductors_6824/							

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

	Student will be able to list out the crystal systems,						
CO1	symmetries allowed in a system and also the diffraction						
	techniques to find the crystal structure						
CO2	Students will be able to visualize the idea of reciprocal spaces,						
02	Brillouin Zone and their extension to band theory of solids.	K2					
CO3	Student will be able to comprehend the heat conduction in	К3					
	solids	ns					
CO4	Student will be able to generalize the electronic nature of	K3,					
04	solids from band theories.	K4					
CO5	Student can compare and contrast the various types of	K5					
05	magnetism and conceptualize the idea of superconductivity.						
K1 - R	Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 –						
Evalua	ate						

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) andLOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO1 0
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3

NUCLEAR AND	PARTICLE PHYSICS II YE	AR - FOU	RTI	H SI	EMI	ESTE	R	
Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P4PHC09	NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS	Core				4	6	75

Pre-F	lequisites
Know	ledge of basic structure of atom and nucleus.
Lear	ning Objectives
\triangleright	Introduces students to the different models of the nucleus in a
	chronological order
\triangleright	Imparts an in-depth knowledge on the nuclear force, experiments to study
	it and the types of nuclear reactions and their principles
\succ	Provides students with details of nuclear decay with relevant theories

Exposes students to the Standard Model of Elementary Particles and Higgs boson

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: NUCLEAR MODELS	Liquid drop model – Weizacker mass formula – Isobaric mass parabola –Mirror Pair - Bohr Wheeler theory of fission – shell model – spin-orbit coupling – magic numbers – angular momenta and parity of ground states – magnetic moment – Schmidt model – electric Quadrapole moment - Bohr and Mottelson collective model – rotational and vibrational bands.
UNIT II: NUCLEAR FORCES	Nucleon – nucleon interaction – Tensor forces – properties of nuclear forces – ground state of deuteron – Exchange Forces - Meson theory of nuclear forces – Yukawa potential – nucleon- nucleon scattering – effective range theory – spin dependence of nuclear forces - charge independence and charge symmetry – isospin formalism.
UNIT III: NUCLEAR REACTIONS	Kinds of nuclear reactions – Reaction kinematics – Q-value – Partial wave analysis of scattering and reaction cross section – scattering length – Compound nuclear reactions – Reciprocity theorem – Resonances – Breit Wigner one level formula – Direct reactions - Nuclear Chain reaction – four factor formula.
UNIT IV: NUCLEAR	Beta decay – Continuous Beta spectrum – Fermi theory of beta decay - Comparative Half-life –Fermi Kurie Plot – mass of neutrino

DECAN	allowed and fambiddon descent in anticipation of the TT "
DECAY	 allowed and forbidden decay — neutrino physics – Helicity - Parity violation - Gamma decay – multipole radiations – Angular Correlation - internal conversion – nuclear isomerism – angular
	momentum and parity selection rules.
UNIT V:	Classification of Elementary Particles – Types of Interaction and conservation laws – Families of elementary particles – Isospin –
ELEMENTARY	Quantum Numbers - Strangeness - Hypercharge and Quarks -SU
PARTICLES	(2) and SU (3) groups-Gell Mann matrices– Gell Mann Okuba
	Mass formula-Quark Model. Standard model of particle physics – Higgs boson.
UNIT VI: PROFESSION AL COMPONENT S	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
	1. D. C. Tayal – Nuclear Physics – Himalaya Publishing House
TEXT BOOKS	 (2011) 2. K. S. Krane - Introductory Nuclear Physics - John Wiley & Sons (2008) 3. R. Roy and P. Nigam - Nuclear Physics - New Age Publishers (1996) 4. S. B. Patel - Nuclear Physics - An introduction - New Age International Pvt Ltd Publishers (2011) 5. S. Glasstone - Source Book of Atomic Energy - Van Nostrand Reinhold Inc.,U.S 3rd Revised edition (1968)
REFERENC E BOOKS	 L. J. Tassie - The Physics of elementary particles - Prentice Hall Press (1973) H. A. Enge - Introduction to Nuclear Physics - Addison Wesley, Publishing Company. Inc. Reading. New York, (1974). Kaplan - Nuclear Physics - 1989 - 2nd Ed Narosa (2002) Bernard L Cohen - Concepts of Nuclear Physics - McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited; 1 edition (2001) B.L. Cohen, 1971, Concepts of Nuclear Physics, TMCH, New Delhi.
WEB SOURCES	 <u>http://bubl.ac.uk/link/n/nuclearphysics.html</u> <u>http://www.phys.unsw.edu.au/PHYS3050/pdf/Nuclear_Model</u> <u>s.pdfhttp://www.scholarpedia.org/article/Nuclear_Forces</u> <u>https://www.nuclear-power.net/nuclear-power/nuclear-reactions/</u> <u>http://labman.phys.utk.edu/phys222core/modules/m12/nucl</u>
	ear_models.html
	5. <u>https://www.ndeed.org/EducationResources/HighSchool/Radi</u>

ography/radioactivedecay.html

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Gain knowledge about the concepts of helicity, parity, angular	V1 VE					
	correlation and internal conversion.	K1, K5					
CO2	Demonstrate knowledge of fundamental aspects of the						
	structure of the nucleus, radioactive decay, nuclear reactions	K2, K3					
	and the interaction of radiation and matter.						
CO3	Use the different nuclear models to explain different nuclear						
	phenomena and the concept of resonances through Briet-						
	Weigner single level formula						
CO4	Analyze data from nuclear scattering experiments to identify	K3, K4					
	different properties of the nuclear force.						
CO5	Summarize and identify allowed and forbidden nuclear						
	reactions based on conservation laws of the elementary	K5					
	particles.						
K1 - F	Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Eval	uate					

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) andLOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO1 0
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	2	1	2	1	1	2	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	3

NUMERICAL METHODS AND COMPUTERII YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTERPROGRAMMING

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P4PHC11	COMPUTATIONAL TECHNIQUES FOR PHYSICS	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites
Prior knowledge on computer and basic mathematics
Learning Objectives
To make students to understand different numerical approaches to solve a problem.
 To understand the basics of programming

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I: SOLUTIONS OF EQUATIONS	Zeros or Roots of an equation - Non-linear algebraic equation and transcendental equations - Zeros of polynomials –Roots of polynomials, nonlinear algebraic equations and transcendental equations using Bisection and Newton-Raphson methods – Convergence of solutions in Bisection and Newton-Raphson methods – Limitations of Disaction and Newton-Raphson methods
UNIT II: LINEAR SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS	Bisection and Newton-Raphson methods. Simultaneous linear equations and their matrix representation– Inverse of a Matrix – Solution of simultaneous equations by Matrix inversion method and its limitations – Gaussian elimination method – Gauss Jordan method – Inverse of a matrix by Gauss elimination method - Eigen values and eigenvectors of matrices –Jacobi Method to find the Eigen values and Eigen vectors.
UNIT III: INTERPOLATION AND CURVE FITTING	Interpolation with equally spaced points - Newton forward and backward interpolation - Interpolation with unevenly spaced points -Newton's divided difference interpolation - Lagrange interpolation - least square approximation- Curve fitting - Method of least squares - Fitting a polynomial.
UNIT IV: DIFFERENTIATION , INTEGRATION	Numerical differentiation – Numerical integration – Trapezoidal rule – Simpson's rule – Error estimates – Gauss- Legendre, Gauss-Laguerre, Gauss-Hermite and Gauss-

AND SOLUTION OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS	Chebyshev quadrature – solution of ordinary differential equations – Euler and RungaKutta methods.
UNIT V: PROGRAMMING WITH C	Flow-charts – Integer and floating point arithmetic expressions – Built-in functions – Executable and non- executable statements – Subroutines and functions – Programs for the following computational methods: (a) Zeros of polynomials by the bisection method, (b) Zeros of polynomials/non-linear equations by the Newton-Raphson method, (c) Newton's forward and backward interpolation, Lagrange Interpolation, (d) Trapezoidal and Simpson's Rules, (e) Solution of first order differential equations by Euler's method.
UNIT VI: PROFESSIONAL COMPONENTS	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and Patriotism
TEXT BOOKS	 V. Rajaraman, 1993, Computer oriented Numerical Methods, 3rd Edition. PHI, New Delhi M. K. Jain, S. R. Iyengar and R. K. Jain, 1995, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, 3rd Edition, New Age Intl., New Delhi S. S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical analysis, PHI, New Delhi F. Scheid, 1998, Numerical Analysis, 2nd Edition, Schaum's series, McGraw Hill, New York W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling and B. P. Flannery, 1992, Numerical Recipes in FORTRAN, 2nd Edition, Cambridge Univ. Press
REFERENCE BOOKS	 S. D. Conte and C. de Boor, 1981, Elementary Numerical analysis-an algorithmic approach, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill,) B. F. Gerald, and P. O. Wheatley, 1994, Applied Numerical analysis, 5th Edition, Addison-Wesley, MA. B. Carnagan, H. A. Luther and J. O. Wilkes, 1969, Applied Numerical Methods, Wiley, New York. S. S. Kuo, 1996, Numerical Methods and Computers, Addison-Wesley. V. Rajaraman, Programming in FORTRAN / Programming in C, PHI, New Delhi

WEB SOURCES	 https://www.scribd.com/doc/202122350/Computer- Oriented-Numerical-Methods-by-V-RajaRaman https://www.scirp.org/(S(lz5mqp453edsnp55rrgjct55)) /reference/referencespapers.aspx?referenceid=168287 4 https://nptel.ac.in/course/122106033/
	 3. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/course/122106033/</u> 4. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/course/103106074/</u> 5. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_ma33/previe</u> <u>w</u>

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Recall the transcendental equations and analyze the	
	different root finding methods. Understand the basic	
	concept involved in root finding procedure such as Newton	K1, K2
	Raphson and Bisection methods, their limitations.	
CO2	Relate Simultaneous linear equations and their matrix	
	representation Distinguish between various methods in	K5
	solving simultaneous linear equations.	
CO3	Understand, how interpolation will be used in various	
	realms of physics and Apply to some simple problems	K2, K3
	Analyze the newton forward and backward interpolation	
CO4	Recollect and apply methods in numerical differentiation	720
	and integration. Assess the trapezoidal and Simson's	КЗ, К4
	method of numerical integration.	N 4
CO5	Understand the basics of C-programming and conditional	K2
	statements.	172
K1 - Re	member; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 - 1	Evaluate;

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)**

and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3),

	(<u>_</u>) \									
	PO1	PO	PO10							
	101	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1010
C01	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3

MEDIUM (2) andLOW (1)

CO5	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
	PSO1	PSO	PSO	PSC	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO10
	1501	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	15010
CO1	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO2	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3
CO5	3	2	3	1	1	2	3	2	2	3

ROBOTICS AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN PHYSICS

II YEAR -FOURTH SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P4PHDE04	ROBOTICS AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN PHYSICS	Elective VI				2	2	75

Pre-Requisites
Ability in robotics, artificial intelligence
Learning Objectives
> To give an introduction to students in the areas of robotics, artificial
intelligence

	Robot – Definition of Robot – Industrial Robot – Laws of
Unit I	Robotics – Motivating Factors – Advantages and
BASICS OF	Disadvantages of Robots – Characteristics & Components of
ROBOTICS	an Industrial Robot — Comparison of the Human and Robot
ROBOTICS	Manipulator – Robot Wrist and End of Arm Tools – Robot
	Terminology – Robotic Joints.
	Classification on the Basis of Coordinate System, Power
	Source and Method of Control - Robot Selection - Robot
UNIT II	Work cell – Robotics and Machine Vision – Robotic
CLASSIFICATION	Accidents , Safety, Maintenance and Installation - Robotic
OF ROBOTS	Sensors – Types of Sensors in Robots – Exteroceptors –
	Tactile Sensors - Proximity Sensors - Range Sensors -
	Machine Vision Sensors – Velocity Sensors – Proprioceptors
Unit III	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence (AI) - Need for AI -
ARTIFICIAL	Applications domains of AI – tools – Challenges and Future
INTELLIGENCE	of AI –Fundamentals of Machine Learning and Deep
INTELLIGENCE	Learning
	Machine Learning algorithms to find associations across
UNIT IV	Biological Data, Cellular Image Classification and
MACHINE	Identification of Genetic Variations - AI in Bio Physics
LEARNING	Research – AI in drug Design – AI in next generation
ALGORITHMS	Sequencing – AI in Protein Structure – AI in Protein Folding
	Analysis

Unit V	Cohen Security Security Environment Threats Cohen
BASICS OF	Cyber Security - Security Environment – Threats – Cyber
CYBER	Crime – Vulnerabilities in Software – Open Access Data –
SECURITY	Open Source Software

	1. Industrial Automation and Robotics – A. K. Gupta, S. K.
	Arora and J. R. Westcott, Mercury Learning and Information LLC, 2017
TEXT BOOKS	 Arduino Cookbook – Michael Margolis, O' Reilly Media, Inc., 2011
	3. Artificial Intelligence: A modern approach – Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, Prentice Hall, 3 rd Edition, 2009
REFERENCE BOOKS	 Principles of Information Security – Michael E Whitman and Herbert J Mattord, Vikas Publishing House, 4th Edition, 2011 Ethical Hacking: A Beginners Guide to Learning the World of Ethical Hacking – LakshayEshan, Shockwave Publishing, 2018 Quantum Computation and Quantum Information – Michael A. Nielsen and Isaac L. Chuang, Cambridge University Press, 2000
WEB SOURCES	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105166/ http://www.theory.caltech.edu/people/preskill/ph229 /

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1	Understand & acquire basics of robotics	K1
CO2	Understand & acquire basics of robotics/ robotic sensors	K2
CO3	Understand artificial intelligence	K2
CO4	Understand Machine Learning Algorithms	K2
CO5	Remembering the basics of cyber security	K1

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3),MEDIUM (2) and LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	3	1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2

CO3	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO4	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2
CO5	3	2	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2

COs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7
CO1	S	М	S	М	L	S	S
CO2	S	М	S	L	L	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	L	М	М	М
CO4	S	М	S	S	М	S	S
CO5	S	М	S	L	М	М	М

Practical – IV		II YEA	R - FOUR	TH	SE	MES	STER	2	
Subject Code	Subject Name		Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P3PHPC04	Practical – IV		Core				3	6	75

Pre-Requisites

Basic knowledge in differential equation and linear algebra Basic knowledge of operating system and computer fundamentals.

Learning Objectives

- The aim and objective of the course on Computational Practical is to familiarize the of M.Sc. students with the numerical methods used in computation and programming using any high level language such as C/FORTRAN
- > To equip the computational skill using various mathematical tools.
- > To apply the software tools to explore the concepts of physical science.
- > To approach the real time activities using physics and mathematical formulations.

Course Details

(Any Twelve Experiments)

- 1. Lagrange interpolation with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
- 2. Newton forward interpolation with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
- 3. Newton backward interpolation with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
- 4. Curve-fitting: Least squares fitting with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
- 5. Numerical integration by the trapezoidal rule with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
- 6. Numerical integration by Simpson's rule with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
- 7. Numerical solution of ordinary first-order differential equations by the Euler method with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
- 8. Numerical solution of ordinary first-order differential equations by the Runge- Kutta method with Algorithm, Flow chart and output.
- 9. Finding Roots of a Polynomial Bisection Method -
- 10. Finding Roots of a Polynomial Newton Raphson Method -
- 11. Solution of Simultaneous Linear Equation by Gauss elimination method.
- 12. Solution of Ordinary Differential Equation by Euler
- 13. RungeKutta Fourth Order Method for solving first order Ordinary

	Differential Equations
14.	Newton's cotes formula
15.	Trapezoidal rule
16.	Simpson's 1/3 rule
17.	Simpson's 3/8 rule
18.	Boole's rule
19.	Gaussian quadrature method (2 point and 3 point formula)
20.	Giraffe's root square method for solving algebraic equation

	1. Numerical methods using Matlab – John Mathews &
	Kurtis Fink, Prentice Hall, New Jersey 2006
	2. Numerical methods in Science and Engineering - M.K.
	Venkataraman, National Publishing Co. Madras, 1996
	3. V. Rajaraman, 1993, Computer Oriented Numerical
TEXT BOOKS	Methods, 3 rd Ed. (Prentice-Hall, New Delhi.
	4. M.K. Jain, S.R. Iyengar and R.K. Jain, 1995, Numerical
	Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, 3 rd
	Ed. New Age International, New Delhi.
	5. S.S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis,
	PHI, New Delhi.
	1. S.D. Conte and C. de Boor, 1981, Elementary Numerical
	Analysis, An Algorithmic Approach, 3rd Ed., International
	Ed. (McGraw-Hill).
	2. B.F. Gerald and P.O. Wheately, 1994, Applied Numerical
REFERENCE	Analysis, 5th Edition, Addison Wesley, Reading, MA.
BOOKS	3. B. Carnahan, H.A. Luther and J.O. Wikes, 1969, Applied
DOONS	Numerical Methods (Wiley, New York.
	4. S.S. Kuo, 1996, Numerical Methods and Computers,
	Addison - Wesley, London.
	5. V. Rajaraman, Programming in FORTRAN/ Programming
	in C, PHI, New Delhi.

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1	Program with the C Program/ FORTRAN with the C or any other	IZ 1
COI	high level language	K I
CO2	Use various numerical methods in describing/solving physics	K4
02	problems.	174
CO3	Solve problem, critical thinking and analytical reasoning as	K5
003	applied to scientific problems.	кJ
CO4	To enhance the problem-solving aptitudes of students using	K5

	various numerical methods.	
CO5	To apply various mathematical entities, facilitate to visualise any complicate tasks.	K3
CO6	Process, analyze and plot data from various physical phenomena and interpret their meaning	K4
CO7	Identify modern programming methods and describe the extent and limitations of computational methods in physics	K1
CO8	Work out numerical differentiation and integration whenever routine are not applicable.	K5
CO9	Apply various interpolation methods and finite difference concepts.	K4
CO10	Understand and apply numerical methods to find out solution of algebraic equation using different methods under different conditions, and numerical solution of system of algebraic equation.	K1, K4
K1 - Re	emember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – Evaluate	<u>,</u>

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes

(PO)

and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), MEDIUM (2) **and** LOW (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
C07	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

	PSO 1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO 9	PSO 10
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

CO4	3	2	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3
C07	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
CO8	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO10	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

EDC : SOLAR ENERGY

II YEAR - FOURTH SEMESTER

Subject Code	Subject Name	Category	L	Т	Р	Credits	Inst. Hours	Marks
23P4PHED1	EDC : SOLAR ENERGY	Core				4	5	75

Pre-Requisites

Basic knowledge of atomic physics, quantum mechanics and statistical mechanics.

Learning Objectives

- Energy resources around us.
- > Threatening to our energy resources.
- ➢ How to conserve energy.

UNITS	Course Details
UNIT I:	Classification of Energy sources - Worlds reserve of commercial
INTRODUCTIO	energy sources and their availability - Geothermal energy -
N TO ENERGY	wind energy - Ocean thermal energy conversion - Energy from
SOURCES	waves and tides (basic ideas) - Merits and Demerits.
UNIT II:	Introduction about thermal properties - Renewable
SOLAR	energy sources - Solar energy - Solar water heater -
THERMAL	Solar Pumping - Solar furnace - Solar space heating
ENERGY	and cooling - Solar thermal technologies - Solar cooker
ENERGI	- Solar Pond - Merits and Demerits of solar energy.
	Introduction about semiconductor - Photo voltaic effect
UNIT III:	- Performance of solar cell - Solar cell Parameter -
	Solar cell characteristics and efficiency – Choice of
SOLAR	materials for solar cell - Basic requirements for
CELL	obtaining an effective solar cell - Power generation by
	using solar cell.
UNIT IV:	Biomass energy - Classification -
BIOMASS	Photosynthesis - Biogas Generation - Introduction
ENERGY	basic process and energetic, Advantages -Biomass
FUNDAMEN	conversion technology – Wet and dry process -
TALS	Gobar gas and its Applications - Advantages and
	Disadvantages of

	hiomoss energy							
	biomass energy.							
UNIT V: ENERGY STORAGE	Introduction - Liquid media storage - Solid media storage - Ground collector - Chemical storage- Capacitor, Electromagnets-Superconducting Magnet Energy Storage (SMES)systems							
UNIT VI:	Expert Lectures, Online Seminars - Webinars on Industrial							
PROFESSION	Interactions/Visits, Competitive Examinations, Employable and							
AL	Communication Skill Enhancement, Social Accountability and							
COMPONENTS	Patriotism							
TEXT BOOKS	 G.D. Rai, Non Conventional Energy Sources, 4th, 5th Edition, (2011). G. G.D. Rai, Solar Energy Utilization, 5th Edition, (2011). S.P. Sukhatme, Solar Energy, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, 3rd Edition, (2005). 							
REFERENCE BOOKS	 D.S. Chauhan, S.K. Srivastava, Non Conventional Energy Sources, Ed.V, first edition, (2004). Solar Energy, Fundamentals, Design, Modelling and Applications, G.N.Tiwari, Narosa Publications, (2004). 							
WEB SOURCES	https://www.renewableenergyworld.com/solar- energy/tech.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Solar_power							

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

CO 1	Energy resources around us.	K1
CO2	Threatening to our energy resources.	K1, K2
CO3	How to conserve energy	К3
CO4	Student will be able to generalize bio medical storage systems	K3, K4
CO5	Student will be able to generalize energy storage systems.	K5
K1 - I Evalu	Remember; K2 – Understand; K3 - Apply; K4 - Analyze; K5 – ate	

MAPPING WITH PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Map course outcomes **(CO)** for each course with program outcomes **(PO)** and program specific outcomes **(PSO)** in the 3-point scale of STRONG (3), medium (2) and low (1).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3

	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5	PSO6	PSO7	PSO8	PSO9	PSO10
CO1	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	3	2	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3